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THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—May 22.

Sun Rises	4 49 A M
Sun Sets	7 03 P M
Day's Length	14 h 15 m
High Water at Southport	12 33 P M
High Water at Wilmington	3 12 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., May 22.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 70°; 8 p. m., 73°; maximum, 80°; minimum, 68°; mean, 73°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 2.17 inches.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m., May 21st, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer has fallen decidedly over all sections during the past twelve hours, being lowest off the New England and Carolina coasts and over Colorado, and highest over the Ohio valley and Texas. Local thunder storms occurred during the day over Western North Carolina and thence northeast to New England under an entering cool wave from over the Lake region. The weather has continued clear over the South and Southwest, with very high midday temperatures, between 80 and 90 degrees above zero; over the central West the weather has been partly cloudy, with local rain over Kansas, and slightly cooler.

Conditions indicate unsettled weather, with local rains or thunder storms and cooler during the ensuing thirty-six hours over this locality.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Fair warm weather has continued over the cotton belt during the past 24 hours.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 20.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 5.5 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair, except showers near the coast; cooler; north to northeast winds.

OUTLINES.

As the Cuban relief resolution was not signed Thursday and both Houses have adjourned until Monday, the appropriation will not be available before that day. —— Business failures in the United States the past week were 248, compared with 251 the previous week. —— Dun's review of trade says there *is* unmistakable improvement, but cotton goods are without change in prices, print cloths at the lowest on record with talk of temporary closing of mills at the South. —— Republican leaders in the House will permit no action by that body on the Cuban belligerency question until Speaker Read has a conference with President McKinley. —— *There was a* tumultuous debate in the *Spanish* Senate at Madrid regarding the action of the United States Senate concerning Cuba, which ended in the minister of foreign affairs boxing the ears of a Senator; the minister later in the day resigned. —— Elijah Morton, colored, convicted of murder, was hanged at McRae, Ga. —— Jack won the first and second races in the bicycle contest yesterday at Charlotte. —— The Southeastern Tariff Association, in session at Hampton, Va., discussed the commission question and elected officers. —— Turkey has concluded large contracts for a supply of artillery and ammunition; the Turks, it is said, are pillaging and burning in Thessaly; the terms of peace to be submitted by the Powers will not permit Turkey to annex Thessaly, but rectification of the frontier and payment by Greece of 115,000 000 francs. —— Serious dissensions are reported in the Greek cabinet. —— New York markets: Money on call was quoted easy at 1@1¼ per cent.; last loan at 1¼ and closed offered at 1¼@1¼ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 7⅜c; flour was dull and easy—winter patents $4 55@4 80; wheat—spot weak, No. 1 New York 80¾c afloat; corn—spot quiet, No. 2 29¾c at elevator and 30¾c afloat; rosin firm—strained common to good $1.75; spirits turpentine steady at 27¼@28c.

Ex-Ambassador Bayard has arrived at home with 200 packages of luggage and four dogs.

Correspondent Crane's Graeco-Turkish war letters are built after the *I*-onic style of architecture.

Abdul Hamid is not as dull as he was represented to be. He knows when it is safe to jump or crawfish.

Gov. Black, of New York, will veto the inheritance tax bill. The fellows who put up the cash to elect him have the grip on him.

The Charlotte *Observer* issued a splendid 20th of May edition, eight pages, double its usual size, filled with matter appropriate to the occasion.

Mr. Clarence B. Collins, State Treasurer of the State of Florida, is achieving fame. He is to be impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors.

The last Treasury statement estimates the population of the United States at 72,547,000, and the *per capita* circulation at $23.01. Most of us have the .01.

Queen Victoria has seven living sons and daughters, thirty-three grandchildren and thirty great-grandchildren. That's a great crowd, and they will all have front seats at the jubilee show.

There is a bill before the Pennsylvania Legislature providing for an appropriation of $1,000,000 for road improvement in that State, and the papers say its chances of passage are good

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 53. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,186

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

A Belgian syndicate has secured permission from the Chinese Government to build a railway in China, by agreeing to lend the Chinese Government a big pile of money. England and Germany protest, on the ground that it is a violation of the "most favored nation clause" in their treaties with China. When Russia got permission to run a road through China they didn't say a word. These big nations are great bullies when they have weak nations to deal with.

If the St. Louis bicycle riders are not good it will not be the fault of that rich man who has built a church exclusively for them so constructed that they can wheel right into their places and listen to the expounding of the gospel without the fear of some other fellow getting away with their bike.

The Prussian Diet is bucking up against American oleomargarine. If they would come over here and diet on it for awhile perhaps they would cultivate more friendly relations and stand less in awe of it. There is a good deal in a name sometimes, and there is a good deal in oleomargarine.

The Carnegie Company recently sold a lot of iron and steel for a big bridge at Montreal at 95 cents per 100 pounds, but if it was wanted to build a bridge on this side of the line the price would be $1.55 per 100 pounds. They wouldn't even knock off the 5 cents.

It is considered worthy of note that John D. Rockefeller who is worth millions, the other day borrowed a nickel. It would have been still more remarkable if John D. Rockfeller hadn't been worth a nickel and borrowed a million.

The Baltimore *Sun* celebrated its 60th anniversary a couple days ago. The *Sun* is a capital paper, but like most of the papers up in that section worshipped at the gold shrine. With this exception it is a model paper.

Gen. Lew Wallace says the Sultan is the greatest living diplomatist. He has managed to keep so heavily in debt to the money-lenders of Europe that their Governments take care of him.

The coming rival of the bicyle is the horseless carriage. They say they have a cheap motor now and can turn the carriages out for $100 or less. The day of the lazy man is coming.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEACOAST ROAD—Schedule.
STR. WILMINGTON—Schedule.
J. H. REHDER & CO.—Deparm't store.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. W. L. Richards, of Greenville, S. C., was in the city yesterday.

— Mrs. Liv. Hicks, of Faison, N. C., is on a visit to Mrs. P. Heinsberger, Jr.

— Messrs. J. S. Abbott and A. Gray, of Asheville, were registered here yesterday.

— Mr. L. B. Rodgers, returned yesterday from a business trip of several days.

— The STAR notes with regret the sickness of Mr. A. E. Reville, the piano and organ dealer.

— Mr. W. L. Smith, who has been absent for some time in New York State will return to-day.

— Mr. D. T. McKeithan, registering from South Carolina, was one of yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. P. G. Alston, a prominent citizen of Bennettsville, S. C., was among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. S. Richardson, the agent of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta railroad at Whiteville, was in the city yesterday, accompanied by his wife.

— Newbern *Journal* 21st: "Mr. John L. Weigman left yesterday morning to take a situation in Wilmington. His family preceded him the day before."

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— "Cupid's Entreaty" is the subject of a handsome piece of tapestry on exhibition at Greenewald's shoe store The artist is Miss Bennie Bagg.

— Mr. D. H. Russell, of Swansboro, brought a wagon load of cabbages into the city yesterday, each head of which weighed between ten and twelve pounds.

— A called meeting of the Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Only business of a routine nature was transacted.

— Receipts of cotton at this port for the season up to and including yesterday are 281,236 bales. The receipts last season up to a corresponding date were about 84,000 bales less.

— The "Sunbeam Club" of Miss Mamie Alderman's school are practicing daily for a play to be given the first of next month for the benefit of the Odd Fellows' orphan home at Goldsboro.

— The Atlantic Engine Co. and the Fifth Ward Hook & Ladder Co. will turn over their fire apparatus to the city on the first of June, but both companies will rent halls and keep up their organization.

— Rev. Mr. Cunninggim, at Fifth Street M. E. Church, on to-morrow morning, will preach a special sermon to children and young people. Parents and others interested in young people are invited to be present.

— See Capt. Harper's ad. in this morning's paper. He announces that the steamer *Wilmington* will make a trip to Carolina Beach this afternoon and to-morrow afternoon, leaving at 2.30 p. m. and returning at 7.15 p. m.

— Turrentine's time record in the two-mile handicap race, which he so gallantly captured at Charlotte Thursday, was four minutes and fifty-six seconds. He will now sport a handsome diamond ring, which was the first prize.

— About 11 o'clock last night the fire department turned out in response to an alarm from box 51, Seventh and Nun streets. A lamp had exploded in a one-story frame dwelling on Seventh street, between Church and Castle, owned and occupied by David Williams, colored. The flames were quickly suppressed. Damage about twenty-five dollars.

Freight Cars Run Away.

Yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock, seventeen cars of a train of loaded freight cars on the Wilmington & Weldon tracks escaped from the remainder of the train and went at a fine rate from Sixth street crossing down the road.

Engineer Edward Flanagan signalled the yard coupler, Ezra Murphy, of the danger, but the cars were going too rapidly for Murphy to mount the cars and put on brakes as is sometimes done with runaway cars. He had the presence of mind, however, to open the switch to the track leading to the Carolina Central freight depot, which point the cars reached before stopping, such speed had been accumulated on the down grade. But for this precaution the cars would have dashed into others standing in their path and caused no little damage.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—7 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 9 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—3 bales cotton, 73 casks spirits turpentine, 274 bbls rosin, 188 bbls tar, 84 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—1 bale cotton, 77 casks spirits turpentine, 306 bbls rosin, 24 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—61 casks spirits turpentine, 131 bbls rosin, 11 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—18 casks spirits turpentine, 44 bbls rosin, 14 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—43 casks spirits turpentine, 137 bbls rosin, 37 bbls tar.

Steamer A. P. Hart—23 casks spirits turpentine, 105 bbls rosin, 21 bbls tar, 9 casks spirits turpentine.

Steamer Driver—19 casks spirits turpentine, 55 bbls rosin, 25 bbls tar.

Flat—5 casks spirits turpentine, 40 bbls rosin, 89 bbls tar.

Total receipts — Cotton, 10 bales; spirits turpentine, 324 casks; rosin, 1,093 bbls; tar, 305 bbls; crude turpentine, 74 bbls.

Shipping Notes.

The British steamship *Lowlands*, Capt. Dormand, arrived yesterday from Huelva, Spain, with a cargo of sulphur ore for Powers, Gibbs & Co.

Among the entrances yesterday were the American schooner *Senator Sullivan*, Capt. Crockett, from Punta Gorda, and *Jennie E. Simmons*, Capt. Dougherty, from Philadelphia.

The Italian barque *Attivo* cleared on the 19th for London with a cargo consisting of 5,447 bbls. rosin, valued at $9,854 00.

Will Run a Newspaper.

Prof. W. S. Glenn, who has been assistant in the Cape Fear Academy, will leave to-day for Spartanburg, S. C., where he will embark in the newspaper business, having purchased half interest in the Spartanburg *Morning Herald*. Prof. Glenn has greatly endeared himself to the patrons of the Cape Fear Academy, and they will regret to see him leave, though wishing him all success in his new home and business.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.

Verdict for Defendant in Case of White Oak River Corporation Company vs. Thomas McIntyre — Other Cases Tried Yesterday.

Yesterday morning at 9 o'clock the jury in the case of the White Oak River Corporation Company vs. Thos. McIntyre, in the United States Circuit Court, after being out about seven hours, came into court and rendered a verdict in favor of the defendant, Thos. McIntyre. The following are the issues submitted to the jury and their answers thereto:

"Did the defendant agree with the plaintiff in consideration of plaintiff's conveyance to him of one-half of the timber lands described in the complaint and the other one-half to the Transway Company, that he would agree with said Transway Co. to build, and would construct and build said road or railroad as set forth in the complaint? Answer, yes.

"Did the paper writings, exhibits A, B and C, introduced in evidence by plaintiff, embody the whole of the contracts finally agreed upon by the parties as to the conveying the timber and building the transroad or railroad? Answer, no.

"Was the defendant's agreement to build and construct railroad or railroads dependent upon any agreement of plaintiff to be performed as a condition precedent thereto? Answer, yes.

"If yes, has plaintiff performed its part of said contract? Answer, no.

"Did the defendant fail and refuse to keep and to perform said contract? Answer, yes.

"If plaintiff performed its part of the contract, and defendant failed to perform his part of the contract, what damage did the plaintiff suffer by reason thereof? Answer, none.

"Did the plaintiff own the timber mentioned in the complaint?" Answer, "yes, in part."

Judge Purnell complimented the jury upon the patience which they had displayed and remarked that the jury was one of the most intelligent he had ever seen. He also paid a high compliment to the attorneys in the case, saying that the case had been most ably presented.

When Court convened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock C. B. Aycock, Esq., asked on behalf of the plaintiff that the verdict in the case of the White Oak River Corporation Company vs. Thos. McIntyre be set aside. The question was argued by C. B. Aycock, Esq., M. DeW. Stevenson, Esq., and Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., Esq., for the plaintiff, and F. M. Simmons, Esq., for the defendant; but Judge Purnell denied the motion.

A motion was then made by the plaintiff for a new trial, but this motion, too, was over-ruled.

The following composed the jury in the above case: S. P. Sutton, Daniel Leonard, Jas. H. Alderman, D. P. Demaran, F. P. Flynn, Asbery Rice, Asa Dosher, A. J. Moore, J. L. Andrews, M. L. Ward, Giles Stephens and Jno. E. Pigford.

Other cases disposed of during the day were as follows:

Thos. A. McIntyre vs. Waite Oak River Corporation Co. and Kelley Terry. Plaintiff submits to judgment of nonsuit. Judgment signed.

Minnie E. Bogart vs. Luther A. Blue et al. Final decree confirming report of commissioner signed.

A. G. Ricaud, receiver, vs. W. D. Wooten and wife, and Isabella Wooten, Herbert McClammy, guardian. Decree of foreclosure and sale signed and the cause held for further order.

J. F. Brown vs. Clyde Steamship Co., argued on demurrer by Geo. Rountree, Esq., for defendant. Demurrer overruled.

Court about 1.30 o'clock took recess until to-day.

Lectures on the Bible.

In March last the Devotional Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association arranged a series of lectures on the Bible, to be given by some of the city pastors. Only one was given, "Is the Bible True?" by Rev. W. B. Oliver, the others being postponed for a number of reasons. The committee now announces that the other three lectures will be given soon. Next Tuesday night, May 23, Rev. Dr. Strange will deliver the second, his subject being "The Literary Beauty of the Bible." On June 1st, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim will speak on "The Power of the Bible," as shown in its effects on nations and individuals, and the series will be completed, on June 11th, when Dr. Hoge will speak on "The History of the Book."

These lectures will be free to all members of the Association and to such of their friends as wish to attend. The purpose is to inculcate a greater knowledge of the "book of books." Tickets for the entire series will be ready for distribution Monday, and may be obtained at the Y. M. C. A. office.

Knights of the Ancient Essenic Order.

Oriana Senate No. 818, of the Knights of the Ancient Essenic Order, met last night in regular semi-moathly session. It will be observed that the name of the Senate has been changed, the origina name having been Mattathias.

The secretary of the Senate, Mr. M. Cronly, Jr., being forced to resign on account of the pressure of other business, his resignation was accepted and Mr. H. B. Jewett elected to the secretaryship. Other important business transacted was the appointment of a committee to inquire into the matter of securing paraphernalia, and to report to the next meeting.

The order is steadily growing. The full quota of members necessary to the procuring of a charter have been conducted into membership and the charter has been ordered. The order has several features which will insure it a large and growing membership. At the next meeting, under the head of "Good of the Order," an address will be delivered by Mr. John H. Gore, Jr.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

REVENUE RAIDERS HARRASSING THE MOONSHINERS.

An Illicit Distillery Captured Near the City —Township Election on a Bond Issue to Promote Public Schools—Jury Lists in All Counties to Be Revised—A Universalist Divine.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 21.

The Raleigh Electric Company has decided to place a large number of arc and incandescent lights in Pullen park. It will be the best illuminated point in the city.

An illicit distillery was captured only six miles from the city yesterday by revenue raiders. Deputy Collector Wiley Jones tells me that there are more illicit distilleries in this section than there have been for three years. The officers are continually harrasing the moonshiners, but it seems to have little effect. Mr. Jones does not think there are any illicit distilleries in Wake county.

The trustees of Oakwood Cemetery are having a mortuary chapel with a seating capacity of 145 persons erected in the cemetery. It will be quite a handsome structure. The chapel is located on the most commanding site in the cemetery and is approachable by numbers of avenues.

The German couple that ran away from Vaughns, a station on the Seaboard Air Line last Monday, and were arrested here Tuesday, were taken back to-day. The woman is strikingly good looking. She declares that her husband treated her unkindly and that is the reason she assigns for leaving him.

Rev. Dr. Wayland Ward, a Universalist divine of national reputation, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. O. J. Carroll. Dr. Ward is from New York city. He will preach here twice next Sunday.

At the next meeting of the County Commissioners in June, an election will be called for the purpose of determining whether Raleigh township shall create a $50,000 bond issue to promote the public schools. The election is ordered by an act of the General Assembly. It is not at all likely that the people will sustain the bond issue.

The jury lists in the various counties must be revised this year. Heretofore the revision has only been required annually but the law was changed by the last Legislature.

THE FIREMEN.

Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder Co. and Wilmington S. F. E. Co. No. 1 Resolve to Surrender Their Halls and Apparatus to the City.

At the meeting of the Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1 and Wilmington Steam Fire Engine Co. No. 1, held Thursday night, the 20th instant, their committees were instructed to transmit to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen the following resolutions:

Resolved 1st, That the appropriation made by the city will not maintain our companies in their present efficient state.

2nd. That rather than go in debt or continue in service in a state which will impair the usefulness of our companies as fire organizations, that we will surrender the halls and apparatus to the city on June 1st, or earlier, if they so desire.

Respectfully,
T. J. GORE,
W. F. KETCHUM,
C. C. PARKER,
For Fifth Ward H. & L. Co.
W. C. VONGLAHN,
H. G. WALSH,
E. G. PARMELE,
For W. S. F. E. Co. No. 1.

Wilmington Hook and Ladder Company No. 1 held a meeting last night at their hall to hear the report of their committee appointed to wait upon the Board of Aldermen in reference to their appropriation for the fiscal year. After the report was made there was a long discussion as to what action the company should take. By a vote of 7 to 5 they decided to remain in the department and attempt to keep up on the amount allowed.

Several of the members, so favoring, stated that deficiencies had been made up by the city heretofore and if the old Board of Aldermen should be reinstated by the courts, that they had no doubt that their appropriation would be increased to the original amount. At any rate they would wait and see.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Cincinnati, 6; Baltimore, 5.
Pittsburg, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
Boston, 11; St. Louis, 1;
Brooklyn, 8. Louisville, 6.
N. Y.-Cleveland—wet ground.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Baltimore at Cincinnati.
Washington at Chicago.
New York at Cleveland.
Brooklyn at Louisville.
Philadelphia at Pittsburg.
Boston at St. Louis.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	19	5	.791
Cincinnati	18	7	.720
Pittsburg	15	7	.681
Boston	13	10	.565
Cleveland	12	10	.545
Philadelphia	13	11	.541
Louisville	10	11	.476
Brooklyn	10	13	.434
New York	7	11	.388
Chicago	7	16	.304
Washington	6	15	.285
St. Louis	5	19	.208

The Browns yesterday got it in the neck again, and at the hands of the Bean-Eaters. Daffy of the Bostons made two-four baggers off Donahue's pitching and Collins of the same team knocked a home run.

It looks as if the Orioles have met their Waterloo, as the Reds have already captured two of the series of three games.

Hawley pitched for the Pirates yesterday and came very near losing the game in the ninth inning.

In the Louisville-Brooklyn game yesterday both teams made the same number of hits and errors, but the Bridegrooms placed their knocks to better advantage.

— Mr. W. E. Lett, of Charlotte, arrived in the city yesterday.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

EPISCOPAL COUNCIL.

Ministers and Delegates in Attendance—Sermons Preached—Resolutions in Honor of Dr. DeRosset.

[*Goldsboro Argus, May 20th.*]

The annual council of the East Carolina Diocese met this morning at 10 o'clock in St. Stephen's Episcopal church in this city, with Rt. Rev. Bishop Watson presiding. There is a good attendance and the indications are that this will be the most interesting session for years. The weather is perfect, and our citizens are doing everything possible for the comfort of the visitors.

The council will be in session Friday and Saturday, and it is expected that most of the delegates will remain over Sunday.

Morning prayer and sermon this morning by Rev. Geo. D. Lloyd, of Southport, after which the celebration of the holy communion took place.

The council was called to order by Bishop Watson after divine service, and a partial organization was effected.

Rev. Dr. Carmichael was elected president and Rev. Mr. Skinner was elected secretary.

Dr. Carmichael read the following preamble and resolution, which were adopted by a rising vote:

WHEREAS, The Council has been informed that by reason of the ill health and the burden of advanced age, Dr. A. J. DeRosset has been compelled to retire from all active participation in the Diocese; and,

WHEREAS, This Council holds in deepest reverence and most grateful recognition the consciousness of all that he has done for the Church by pious example, by wise counsel, by generous aid and by unhesitating loyalty to the faith as this Church has received the same; therefore,

Resolved, That to our dear brother we return our unfeigned thanks, enfolding him with our warmest sympathy and pray God that the residue of his life may be soothed by every Divine consolation and his withdrawal to the Church triumphant be with the comfort of a reasonable, religious and holy hope.

The report of the treasurer was referred to the finance committee and Bishop Watson announced the following as a committee on the "State of the Church:" Drs. Carmichael, Drone and Ticknor and Messrs. Lamb and Atkinson.

SALEM FEMALE COLLEGE.

Ninety-fifth Annual Commencement—Concert—A Large Attendance.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

WINSTON, N. C., May 21.—The ninety-fifth annual commencement exercises of Salem Female College, the South's oldest educational institution, opened to-night with a concert by the vocal music and elocution departments. The programme rendered was unusually strong and interesting. The concert was attended by a large and appreciative audience. As usual, there are a large number of patrons and friends here from this and other States to witness the commencement which will close next Wednesday morning.

Notwithstanding the "hard times," the past has been a prosperous year for the old and popular school. Japan, Alaska and South America, besides twenty-seven States, were represented in the College this year.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Class meeting from 7.00 to 7.15 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Market Street M. E. Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H. Hoge, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Young people's prayer meeting at 7.30 in the primary room. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8 p. m. Seats free.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8 00 p. m. Sabbath School at 3.30 p. m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.00 p. m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m and 8 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Carolina Beach.
STEAMER WILMINGTON
Will make a trip to Carolina Beach Saturday and Sunday evenings, May 22nd and 23rd. Boat leaves 2.30 p. m., and returns 7.15 p. m.
my 22 2t J. W. HARPER.

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.
ON AND AFTER MAY 9TH, 1897, DAILY except Sunday: Leave Wilmington, 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View, 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 5 p. m.
Sunday Trains: Leave Wilmington, 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View, 12 m., 5 p. m.
my 4 tf R. O. GRANT, Supt.

For Sale Low
50 Barrels MOLASSES,
100 Barrels MULLETS,
50 Bags COFFEE,
200 Boxes TOBACCO,
all grades.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
mar 28 tf 13 Barket St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S
DEPARTMENT STORE.
Latest Novelties in Ladies' Collars and Cuffs

Many other styles 10 to 25 cents. Special prices in every department.
J. H. REHDER & CO.,
North Fourth Street, Near Bridge.
Car fare paid on purchases of $5 and up. my 6 tf

Big Reduction
—IN—
Toilet SOAPS
THIS WEEK.
ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts.
my 18 tf

UP TO DATE
Livery and Sales Stable.
S. P. COWAN & CO.
108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.
OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.
TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15
Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses.
Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.
Prices Uniform to All Comers.
Hearse Exclusive for Whites $3.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.50; afternoon $3.00. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon $2.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.
Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

J. L. HILL
PRINTING COMPANY'S
Directory of Wilmington,
1897.
Containing a general business and street directory.
Price $3.00.
For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.
J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,
Owners and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

Cut Prices---Old Va.
50 Boxes
Old Virginia Cheroots
at $13.60 Per Thousand.
Orders filled hour received by
W. B. COOPER,
my 19 tf Dew Wilmington, N. C.

Cooling, Refreshing, Emollient.
Pyxis Toilet Cream
—FOR—
ROUGHNESS, TAN, SUNBURN.
Most Drug Stores sell it, 25 cents.
JAMES D. NUTT, Proprietor.
ap 29 tf

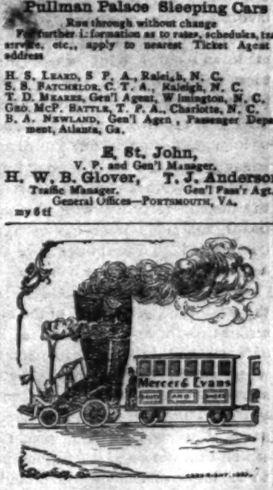
Attention Everybody.
300 bus. Field Peas for seed.
1,000 kegs Cut and Wire Nails.
50 barrels Mullets.
100 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.
100 ounces P. & W. Quinine.
50 doz. Groves' Chill Tonic.
and a full line of heavy groceries at prices to meet any market. We only ask a trial. D. L. GORE,
130, 132 & 134 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.
my 7 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION
Opens at Nashville, May 1st, and closes October 30th, 1897.
For this occasion the
Seaboard Air Line
Will sell
Excursion Tickets
At VERY REDUCED RATES, the following being total rates from points named:

		A.	B.	C.
Charlotte	N. C	$24 00	$18 00	$12 75
Cheraw	S. C.	20 05	19 80	13 50
Durham	N. C.	26 25	19 95	14 00
Hamlet	"	26 15	19 25	14 00
Hoodgrason	"	25 25	19 05	14 00
Lincolnton	"	24 60	18 75	12 75
Lexington	"	27 00	19 99	14 40
Louisburg	"	26 25	19 95	14 00
Maxton	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Monroe	"	27 10	18 05	13 75
Pittsboro	"	27 00	19 80	14 25
Raleigh	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Rutherfordton	"	24 60	18 75	12 75
Sanford	"	25 25	19 25	14 00
Shelby	"	24 60	18 05	13 75
Wadesboro	"	27 25	19 05	13 80
Weldon	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Wilmington	"	26 25	19 25	14 00

Class A. Tickets sold daily April 13th to October 15th. Final limit November 7th.
Class B. Tickets sold daily April 19th to October 13th. Final limit twenty (20) days from date of sale.
Class C. Tickets sold Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week, April 20th to October 28th. Final limit ten (10) days from date of sale.
Through service between all points on the
Seaboard Air Line
—TO—
NASHVILLE.
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
Run through without change.
For further information as to rates, schedules, train service, etc., apply to nearest Ticket Agent or address
H. S. LEARD, S. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
S. B. HATCHELOR, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.
T. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
GEO. McF. BATTLE, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.
B. A. NEWLAND, Gen'l Agent, Passenger Department, Atlanta, Ga.
E. St. John,
V. P. and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. Glover, T. J. Anderson,
Traffic Manager, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.
General Offices—PORTSMOUTH, VA.
my 6 tf



We are still receiving nice new fresh goods. Gents, Ladies, Boys and Girls of many styles and kinds. Beautiful lines of Children and Infant's
SHOES.
We take occasion to thank the generous public for the liberal patronage so kindly bestowed, and ask a continuance of the same. We solicit a trial from those who have not dealt with us. In passing look in our window. Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. my 2 tf

At The Unlucky Corner
THIS WEEK
PARCHED LAGUYRA COFFEE,
PARCHED RIO COFFEE.
Ground if you wish it.
LUMP STARCH.
Every housekeeper should lay in a stock of above articles, as never before was the price so low.
S. W. SANDERS.

SALE OF STOCK.
BY DIRECTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the "East Carolina Piscatorial Association," I will expose for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, in the City of Wilmington, on Saturday, the 12th day of June, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., ten shares of the 1 sail 81 shares of the East Carolina Piscatorial Association standing in the name of J. S. Westbrook, 5 shares standing in the name of R. A. Moore and 8 shares standing in the name of I. F. Hill, to satisfy and pay the sum of one hundred and five dollars on stock of J. S. Westbrook, one hundred and seven dollars on stock of R. A. Moore and twenty dollars on stock of I. F. Hill, due as unpaid assessments on said stock, said assessments having been duly and regularly called by order of the said Board and payment thereof having been refused by J. S. Westbrook, R. A. Moore and I. F. Hill, the subscribers to said stock.
JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr.,
my 20 20t Attorney.

NEW CROP
Molasses.
Our Own Importation From
WEST INDIES.
QUALITY EXCELLENT.
Price Low.
WORTH & WORTH.
my 20 tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,
"Truth"
ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.
To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH," Raleigh, N. C.
REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.
my 9 tf DAW

The Circus.
AT COWAN'S NEWS DEPOT TO-DAY CAN be found "Harper's Weekly," "Standard," "Puck," "Judge," "Truth" and other Illustrated papers besides many more papers. A full stock of N. Y. dailies. Either the "Journal" or the "World" for two cents. Beach's Base Ball Guide for 1897 just received. my 8 tf

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 22, 1897

TWO BLUNDERS.

We have hard times in this country, and while there are different causes assigned the fact is that the hard times are the result of our own blundering folly. The protective tariff folly is one great blunder, and the adoption of the gold standard in practice—although there is no law for it—is another. Either would be bad enough; both at the same time are disastrous.

The effect of the protective tariff is to confine our trade in manufactured goods to the home market, to shut us out from foreign markets and to compel us to live upon each other. We may live upon each other as the larger fishes live and fatten upon the smaller, but we cannot all prosper when we do that, for if one prospers it is simply because the earnings of the other, the unprotected, go into his pocket. Haven't we had proof enough of that in the past twenty-five years? The manufacturing sections have grown rich by absorbing the earnings of the agricultural sections, which are to-day poorer to all intents and purposes than they were twenty-five years ago. As a whole the country is richer, because in that time there has been development, civilization has extended, the wilderness has been subjugated, farms made and cities built where then there was nothing but the primeval forest or sweeping plains. Year after year thousands upon thousands of immigrants sought our shores and engaged in the work of up-building: railroads have been built connecting the distant territory with the seaboard, and many other causes have contributed to the increase of the aggregate wealth of the country.

But the farmers, the producers of the wealth of the country, of the materials that furnish the bases of its external and internal commerce—where are they? What have they to show for their labor of all these years? They have produced thousands of millions worth of products within that time, and it has gone not to the improvement of their lands, the beautifying of their homes, or the education of their sons and daughters, but into the coffers of the favored classes to still further enrich them.

In endeavoring to build up a "home market," they have practically confined both the manufacturer and the farmer to the home market and put the former in a position where he could prey upon the latter, and he did. The home market is good enough for both as far as it goes, but it is too small for both or for either, for it is too easily glutted. It cannot under present, and could not under past conditions, consume all the farmer produced or the manufacturer made. The result has been over production not only of farm products but of manufactures, and the result of this has been low and unremunerative prices for farm products and inadequate demand with corresponding low prices for manufactured goods. That's the way the protectionists account for the increased shipments abroad within the past few years of manufactures, and the lower prices they are sold at abroad compared with the prices demanded at home. They ship and sell the supplies, they say, at about cost. The excessive production may be true, but the assertion that they sell at losing figures to get rid of an accumulating surplus or of antiquated stocks is not true.

But if they have such a surplus, and are willing to dispose of it at a loss isn't this an argument against the protective system which stimulates such over production? Wouldn't the manufacturer and the people he employs fare better in the long run if they had a wider market where there would be ready sale for all that was made, even if the prices were somewhat lower than the prices demanded of home purchasers now? Wouldn't this keep the manufacturers busy more days in the year and give their employes more and steadier work? And wouldn't it help the home consumers by giving them goods at lower prices, thus enabling them to buy more goods, to live more comfortably and have more money in their pockets when their purchases were made? Of course it would. The greater the market the greater the demand, and the better for the seller, even if the prices are somewhat lower.

We have had ample illustration of this in the articles in common use which were once heavily taxed but are now on the free list. Under the tariff which put a duty on quinine it sold for $3.50 an ounce. Since it has been on the free list it sells at 50 or 60 cents an ounce, and instead of the few factories we then had (which were to be ruined, the protectionists said,) we have a half-dozen or more, which seem to be prospering. When matches were taxed they cost about five cents a box; now they sell at a half-dozen boxes for a nickel, and there are more matches made in the country than there ever were. These are but a couple illustrations of many that might be cited, and show that it isn't protection the manufacturer needs to permanently prosper, but to so cheapen goods that the demand will grow, and a greater quantity be used.

Give the American manufacturer the world-market, give him free raw materials of all kinds such as he needs to put him on a plane with his foreign competitors, and he will not need protection from any rival or any labor in the world. The policy which confines him to the home market and makes him look to that for his patronage and his profits is stupid for the statesman and injurious in the long run to the manufacturer.

What the protective tariff does one way in crippling industries the gold standard does in another for it cripples the ability to develop and enlarge our enterprises, and puts us in the power of the very nations with which we are commercially competing or would be commercially competing if we were free to compete. Take the two together and they are dead weights on American industry and enterprise, and yet after the deplorable results of these twin evils it is seriously proposed to indefinitely continue them.

MINOR MENTION.

The Cuban belligerency question has, as far as the U. S. Senate is concerned, been disposed of by the adoption of Senator Morgan's resolution. He has made a long, tireless and stubborn fight for it; but this is only the half-way ground won. It will hang fire in the House where there is no disposition to take it up until the tariff bill has been favorably acted upon, and then they will adjourn at the drop of a hat. Possibly Mr. McKinley may have some programme looking to the independence of Cuba and this will be made the pretence for continued inaction on this or any other resolution of a like nature, as it was Thursday against taking up the Morgan resolution. Unless Commissioner Calhoun gets his information from Consul General Lee, and the consuls who supplied him with the facts on which he based his report, it will be some considerable time before he will be able to report on the actual situation, and then what he says will in all probability be merely corroboratory of what our consuls have already reported; that is, assuming that he reports facts and doesn't dress them up in a way to afford a pretence for further procrastination, to give the President and Secretary Sherman a chance to play some more red tape. But whatever their course may be, as we see it, the Cubans have gained a great deal by the adoption of the Senate resolution, although t is only a half-way recognition. The immediate effect will be a relaxation of the vigilance in watching our seaports to prevent the shipping of munitions of war to the Cubans, for the probabilities are, since the Senate has expressed its views by such a decisive majority, the President may not feel it so incumbent on him to keep his watch-dogs on the sea, and hence the so-called filibusters will have less to fear from American than from Spanish cruisers. Heretofore it has been much more difficult to dodge the American than the Spanish sea-dogs. This will be a material gain for the fighters for freedom.

* *

The Bank of England has reduced its rate of discount to two per cent, and money is a drug in London at one per cent. on time loans. With money such a drug in London and interest rates so low we are told that England is very prosperous. England's prosperity now really consists in the interest drawn from the creditors of her money-lenders, who have their millions invested all over the world and draw tribute from nearly every nation under the sun. On the $10,000,000,000 they have thus invested the income is enormous, so enormous that they find difficulty in placing it, and the consequence is that money has become a drug in London and they are glad to get anything they can for it provided they can keep it within easy reach where they can pick it up if the conditions should so improve as to make interest rates higher. But there isn't much loaned on these terms, and none on this side of the water. When our people want to borrow money in London they are expected to pay a reasonable rate of interest and plank it down in gold when it becomes due. Money is also a drug in New York, where there are now many millions lying idle in the banks, simply because these millions are controlled by a few men, who prefer to keep the money there to investing it in those sections of the country whose ideas on the money question differ from theirs. They run in the same groove with the London money-lenders who run the financial policies of this country as they have been run for nearly a quarter of a century. A money drug in the money centers, a dearth everywhere else—a natural result of a gold-standard, monopolistic system.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The death of Mr. J. A. Frazier occurred yesterday at his home in Greene county, near the postoffice of Shine.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mr. Henry Jones, a large farmer and merchant of Beaver Dam township, near the Bladen line, died yesterday in his 65th year.

— Chatham *Record*: Walnut logs are being sent from this place direct to Germany, and many an old walnut tree is therefore being cut down and turned into money for its owners, and a single tree frequently sells for more than an acre of land would sell for. Some of these walnut trees are quite large.

— Scotland Neck *Commonwealth*: Mr. Henry Morris, one of Tarboro's best citizens, died at his home there Thursday night, 13th, aged 57 years. It was largely through his efforts and influence that the new Jewish synagogue was built in Tarboro last year. His remains were carried to Richmond for interment.

— Newbern *Journal*: Farmers in neighboring counties report that corn is suffering severely from cut worms.

—— The catch of sturgeon yesterday was pretty good, Fernie Gaskill getting eleven, averaging two hundred pounds each, and G. N. Ives getting two large cow sturgeons. The fish were cut up and shipped North.

— Raleigh *Press Visitor*: It is the purpose of the State Board of Education to ascertain the popular wish in regard to the matter of selling 5,000 acres of what are known as "lakes" in three of the eastern counties. Much opposition to the lease of 231,000 acres has developed.

—— Fifty-two convicts were taken from the prison here to-day. Fifteen were carried to Halifax and the remainder to Caledonia.

— Dunn *Union*: We are informed by a reliable person that J. W. Griffin, a white man living about three miles from Dunn, has left his wife and children and eloped with Ophelia Capps, a young woman who lived near him. He leaves his wife and six children, three of which are almost helpless, one of them nine years old that has never walked a step. He has left his family almost in destitute circumstances and on the mercies of the community.

—Weldon *News*: We were handed by a lady, who obtained it in a somewhat singular manner, a full-sized 5x10 circular advertisement of a certain patent medicine. Since the big rock fish have been running this lady has bought a good many, and carefully corned and dried the roe, which makes quite a fine relish. She is always particular to look after them herself, and yesterday morning she was slicing one for breakfast when she found the above advertisement in the roe without any break in the skin. It was doubled up into a close bundle, and had turned a peculiar color, resembling greenbacks so much that the cook thought she had found some money. But on smooth it out, the whole page could be read with ease.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact. †

TWINKLINGS.

— Photographer (to bride)—Now, young lady, please look pleasant. It's only for just one second.—*Collier's Weekly.*

— Quite Another Affair—"Love laughs at locksmiths, they say."

"Yes, but you never hear of love laughing at goldsmiths."—*Chicago Record.*

— He—It is singular that those cook books give no information concerning the most important matter connected with cooking

She—What is that?

He—How to keep a cook.

— Wife (to husband)—Come, come, don't bother our daughter about marriage. When she's ready to be married she'll do as I did—take the first imbecile that comes along.—*La Caricature*

— Maude—"Wonder how it happened that Mr. Smarte proposed to Carrie?"

Edith—"I understand she told him that another man was trying to marry her for her money."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Frayed Francis—"I seed a feller yestidday with a millyun dollars."

Listless Lemuel—"Wot d' he look like?"

Frayed Francis—"Pshaw! Not a bit fatter'n you er me."—*Judge.*

— "There's no such thing as perfect contentment," remarked the Widow Gilgan. "When John was alive I was half the time worried as to his whereabouts, and even now there is an uncertainty that still makes me uneasy."—*Boston Transcript.*

Ministers Should Use Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose labors so severely tax the nervous system, as that of the ministry. The disarrangement of the nerve centers of the brain by over work, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration.

Rev. J. P. Kester, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, London Mills, Ills., himself a physician, writes Feb. 26, 1895: "Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so serious last fall that a little over work in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it seemed certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that my auditors would ask me if I did not have heart disease. Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nervine and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have just closed a revival work of 20 weeks, preaching nearly every night and twice on the Sabbath. I can speak for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' grand remedies on hand."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

Headache stopped in 20 minutes by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "Once cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pills Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. [Change,

June 18 1y su tu th

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— With 12,000 unemployed Cleveland men sitting about in a Banquo like manner it is no wonder Mr. Hanna didn't enjoy his visit home.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Will Mr. Aldrich kindly explain where the workingman comes in in a protective tariff which seeks to put down competition in all cheaper goods of common use by taxing them twice as much as the goods bought only as luxuries by the relatively wealthy? Why, for instance, is cheap linen duck for clothing taxed 75 per cent. while fine linen used for the manufacture of shirts is taxed only 35 per cent.? *New York Times Ind.*

—— When it contains: Item, one brass bedstead with best spring mattress and finest linen sheets; item, one fine table; item, two easy chairs; item, two Persian rugs; item, one chiffonier; item, one fine washstand with expensive china bowl and pitcher; item, one reading lamp with latest improved burner; item, one refrigerator for cooling water and champagne; item, one broker who by going to jail advertises that he can be trusted to keep the secrets of his Senatorial customers, then a cell is not a cell but a sell.—*New York World, Dem*

—— The merchants who, in anticipation of largely increased tariff duties, are replenishing their stocks of goods while duties and prices are low, and the manufacturers who are laying in heavy supplies of untaxed raw material, are in no sense blameworthy for the their foresight. They are not cheating the Government out of revenue. They are trying to prevent being themselves cheated by the tariff-tinkers. But the misery of the whole business is that consumers will have to pay tariff taxes imposed without necessity, and from which the Government will get no benefit.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

HER GRIEFS WERE GREAT.

Mrs. Alexander Hamilton's Trials Beyond the Usual Lot of Woman.

A writer in The Atlantic Monthly says that when she was a child of 12 she knew Mrs. Alexander Hamilton, then a charming old lady of 95, overflowing with reminiscences. One was of a great gathering of the Indians of eastern New York at Saratoga, which was then only a log fort. The chiefs and greatest warriors of the Six Nations, dressed in barbaric pomp, but with peace on their faces, stood waiting the approach of a small group of whites—one or two officers in full uniform and a tall, commanding man, in the prime of life, leading by the hand a slim girl of 18.

The tall man was General Philip Schuyler, whom the Indians honored as they did no other white man, and they had met to offer him a tribute of devotion. At a sign from the great chief their ranks parted to admit General Schuyler, who advanced into the open space still leading his little daughter. There, with many ceremonies, the child was formally adopted by the Six Nations, the chiefs ending the sacred rite by laying their hands upon her head and giving her an Indian name meaning "One of Us." And Mrs. Hamilton was the little maid.

One day the old lady was talking about men of bodily strength, and she told an incident which must have happened soon after her marriage, for she was at the time in headquarters with her husband. General Washington was writing in his office, a room on the second floor of a farmhouse. The farmer's wife, who was washing clothes, suddenly discovered that the shed roof was on fire. She rushed screaming into the house, and Washington came bounding down the stairs, picked up one of the large washtubs full of suds, ran up stairs with it, got out on the roof and emptied it on the blaze. Then he ran for another tub and still another before he succeeded in putting out the fire.

One night Mrs. Hamilton seemed sad and absentminded and would not go into the parlor, where there were visitors, but sat near the fire and played backgammon for awhile. When the game was done, she leaned back in her chair a long time with closed eyes, as if lost to all around her. Presently the silence was broken by the murmured words:

"I am so tired. It is so long. I want to see Hamilton."

What thoughts must have come to her from the past! She had griefs beyond the usual lot of women. Her eldest son, Philip, fell in a duel before his father met a similar fate, and the oldest daughter, a lovely young creature, was so shocked by her brother's cruel death that she became insane. Though she lived to be an old woman it was as an inmate of a private asylum.

Simplicity In House Furnishing.

Perhaps I am an unbeliever; but, in my opinion, tidies and throws do not add real beauty to a room. They are great dust gatherers, and after being up awhile are apt to look stringy. Take them down and use the time you spend in them reading the latest book or magazine.

We all want our houses as pretty as possible, but let us do away with so much useless stuff.

When you go to housekeeping, instead of buying the usual parlor carpet try one of the high art mattings. They are beautiful and last for years. With a pretty rug here and there to give warmth to your rooms, nothing could be cleaner except a hard wood floor. Beautiful rugs are very cheap nowadays; they range in price from $3 up—in fact, as high as you care to pay. Hang curtains of Japanese chintz, cotton crape or art muslin at your windows. They are easily laundered and always look fresh and pretty.

Take down the dust gathering potieres and hang in their place the Japanese, bamboo or rice bead curtains, which come all the way from $1.50 up. A handsome dark red bamboo curtain bearing a floral design in beads can be bought for $8.

Buy rattan and hardwood furniture. You will find your work considerably lessened.

For your sofa buy an upholstered cot and cover with a Bagdad rug, which can easily be taken off and shaken. Be sure and have plenty of sofa pillows—13 is, I believe, the correct number. Instead of putting your time and money into elaborate sachets, scarfs and tidies, buy quaint bits of Japanese ware, which can buy unmounted and mount yourself, and dainty pieces of china. Such things give an air of refinement to a room that the most costly tidy will fail to impart.

Don't spend all your spare cash in the purchase of an elaborate sideboard. Instead buy a simple serving buffet and put your extra dollars into pretty china and dainty glass; then dining will become a positive pleasure. For your chambers buy the white iron beds, with brass trimmings. The rest of the furniture pick up at odd minutes.

Stain and varnish your floors and cover with Japanese rugs, which come all the way from 98 cents up.

Small chance will the moth and buffalo bug have in such a house.—Jean Crosby in Housewife.

A Canon's Mistake.

Any one who knows that charming man Canon Ainger, master of the temple, will comprehend to the full the humor of this story. Canon Ainger is a great favorite with children, and upon one occasion was asked to assist at a juvenile party. Arriving at what he thought was his destination, a house in a row of others exactly alike, the canon made his way up to the drawing room. "Don't announce me," said he to the domestic, and thereupon the reverend gentleman went down upon all fours, ruffled up his white hair and crawled into the room, uttering the growls of an angry polar bear. What was his horror and amazement to find when he got into the room two old ladies petrified with astonishment. He had found his way into the next door house instead of into the one to which he was bidden.—London Tit-Bits.

WOMAN AND HOME.

MRS. KATHERINE WESTENDORF'S SUCCESS AS A TEACHER.

Children's Voices and How to Train Them. Simplicity In House Furnishing—Household Perplexities—Consult the Men—For Curling Hair.

The appended sketch of Mrs. Katherine Westendorf of Cincinnati, coming from the pen of so distinguished a woman as Helen Campbell, cannot fail to be of wide interest. Indeed, the interest must extend wherever the two women are known.

Mrs. Campbell says in Woman's Journal: Mrs. Katherine Westendorf is a native of Cincinnati. She graduated at Boston university in 1877, where she took also a special course in the first class for the education of the deaf under Professor

MRS. KATHERINE WESTENDORF.

Graham Bell. Returning to Cincinnati, she was the first woman in the west to put elocution on a professional basis. Her earliest work was with the working classes in night high schools, and her own school was the first in Cincinnati devoted to elocution, physical culture, voice building and dramatic expression. She was one of the founders of the Oral School For the Deaf and the first woman to occupy a chair of rhetorical expression in the state university at Columbus, O., her pupils now occupying important posts not only in western schools and colleges, but in the Dramatic school in New York, the Emerson School of Oratory in Boston and in various universities.

For many years Mrs. Westendorf has had charge of the training classes of the Cincinnati free kindergartens in the departments of physical culture, speech and voice culture and has been critic and director of the songs and games. Her personal work has been made largely speech pathology, owing to the knowledge of the leading physicians of the city and elsewhere as to her peculiar insight and power in cases of defective children.

Classroom work has taken much of her time, but her original methods have dignified it all. This special work has somewhat hindred another in which she stands at the head of her profession—that of interpreter of Shakespeare and the older dramatists, her rendering of which Modjeska pronounced superb. A very interesting and vital phase of musical and dramatic expression is ready for introduction to the musical world of America in a series of ballads and folk songs in German, Russian and French, translated and arranged by Mrs. Westendorf, and for which music quite unknown with us had been written by Liszt, Grieg, Schumann, Plotow and others. Recitals of this nature have been given before clubs and as parlor entertainments, but a larger public should have the benefit of something absolutely unique and of highest value for all musicians. It is hoped musical Boston will have the opportunity of hearing her in this specialty.

Children's Voices and How to Train Them.

In the course of some interesting comments in Baby, Miss Mary B. Shedd observes: "There seems to be a wide divergence of opinion regarding vocal training, many great singers contending that girls should not commence the study at an age under 14 years. I think this an erroneous premise when applied to all, for temperament, quality of voice, condition of health and climate have much to do with determining the proper age to begin vocal training. Take Albani as an instance of disproval of Nilsson's position. She began study at 4, and who ever listened to a more charming Desdemona than she? The cultivation of a voice of good strength should be commenced as the child begins to sing, whether its age be 4 or 14. But no child with a promising voice should ever be compelled to jeopardize it by singing at inopportune times or while suffering with a cold, to the utter loss of voice as a penalty. One of the first things a good teacher should do is to instill in the minds of pupils the great importance of taking care of the voice, regardless of the urging of those who care not for the conditions to sing at inopportune times and when the physical state warns to the contrary.

"Each pupil should be taught the limit of the voice and made to understand that when she goes beyond the acquired compass the danger line has been reached. While the finesse of teaching is all right enough, the common sense of teaching is all the better. If a child of 9 has a good voice, why should tone cultivation be put off until the age of 14? The breathing exercises, the physical culture and the broadening of the chest all tend to physical activity and the development of muscular strength which would otherwise remain unused. The position of the tongue, the throat and mouth are no more difficult to attain in the younger than in the older pupils.

"The younger pupils can be easily taught the rules for speaking the words in song, and the staccatos, trills, crescendos and diminuendos come to children so easily that by the time they are 18 they have accomplished their acquirement without apparent effort, provided, of course, they have been under the care of a teacher who understands the delicacy of the human voice. To sing correctly and artistically is to sing without labored effort, and if this is true of adults, why should it not be true of children? The best way to prevent children from acquiring bad habits is to commence early training."

A Famous Document.

The missal sent by Leo X to Henry VIII, together with the parchment conferring upon him the title "Defender of the Faith," was bought a number of years ago for $50,000 by the German government. The missal and parchment had been given by Charles II to the ancestor of the famous Duke of Hamilton, and the library of this nobleman was sold at auction in London, where the government of Germany bid up the book beyond the reach of all other would be purchasers.

Surprised.

"I was really surprised at Johnny. He came in and begged a quarter, saying that he wanted to go to the gallery to see the pictures."

"You needn't be alarmed. He isn't getting Bostonian. It was the theater gallery he meant, and the pictures are alive."—Indianapolis Journal.

In Chile they let nothing in the apple go to waste. There, after making cider and wine from their apples, they extract from the refuse a white and finely flavored spirit, and by another process they procure a sweet treacle, or, as they term it, honey.

Of civilized peoples the Manxmen are said to be the most superstitious.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of the medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fever. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness vivid to Electric Bitters. 50c or $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Sour

Stomach, sometimes called waterbrash, and burning pain, distress, nausea, dyspepsia, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This it accomplishes because with its wonderful power as a blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates an appetite, gives refreshing sleep, and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have "a magic touch."

"For over 12 years I suffered from sour

Stomach

with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I took several bottles and mean to always keep it in the house. I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla—for pains in the back, and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." Mrs. PETER BURBY, Leominster, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

OBSERVATION CORNWALLIS—Don't call me Mr. Cornwall, Allen. It is so formal, you know. Call me Cornelius.
MISS ALLEN—I'd call you Corn if—if you liked.
"If I liked, indeed!"
"If I thought you'd pop, and smoke Pick Leaf."
Mr. Cornwall is now engaged.
Moral—Always smoke

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EXTRA
SMOKING TOBACCO

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☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	13	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4½@5		5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 30	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	22	@	25
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	45	@	47½
Virginia Meal	48	@	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	22	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	12	@	12½
Dairy, Cream	14	@	14½
State		@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	6½@		15
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	6¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	12	@	25
Osnaburgs ℔ dozen	7	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	25 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	12 50
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	18 00	@	19 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	9 00	@	9 50
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ half barrel	1 75	@	2 00
N. C. Roe Herrings, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 50
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔		@	10
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	4 00
Choice		@	4 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 50
First Patent	5 50	@	5 75
GLUE—℔ ℔		@	6½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	47½	@	50
Car load, in bags—White	47½	@	50
Cob, from store		@	50
Oats, Rust Proof	45@	@	50
Cow Peas	80	@	80
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔—			
Clover Hay	75	@	80
Rice Straw		@	70
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	4
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	6½@	@	7
North Carolina	5	@	6
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@1 25	
LUMBER—(Delivery at wharf)—M ft. sawed—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	12 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	12 00	@	13 00
Dressed Flooring	16 00	@	30 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	32
" in bbls		@	35
Porto Rico, in hhds	30	@	32
" in bbls		@	35
Sugar-House, in hhds	23	@	24
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	1 80	@1 85	
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 00
Rump		@	7 00
Prime		@	6 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	80
Labor		@	80
Ashton's		@	80
On 100 ℔ Sacks	60	@	80
SHINGLES, 5-inch, ℔ M	2 50	@	3 00
Common	1 50	@	2 00
Cypress Saps	1 50	@	2 00
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granul'd—			
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4½
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4½
C, Yellow		@	4
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern—		@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	5 00	@	14 00
" O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet, Spruce		@	7 00
Mill, Pine		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 00	@	8 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior		@	4 00
SHINGLES, W. C. Cypress Sawed ℔ M 6x30 heart	7 50	@	8 50
Saps	5 00	@	6 00
6x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
Saps	3 50	@	4 00
6x20 Heart	3 50	@	4 00
Saps	2 50	@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 20	@	1 30
North Carolina	1 20	@	1 30

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE May 21.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market quiet at 25¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 24½ cents for country casks; closed steady at 25, 24½c.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 25 per bbl for Strained and $1 30 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm; $1.90 per barrel for Hard, 1 80 for Yellow Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 25½, 23c; rosin firm, $1.32½ 1.37½; tar steady, $1 00; crude turpentine firm, $1.80, 1 70, 1 90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	324
Rosin	1,092
Tar	305
Crude Turpentine	74

Receipts same day last year—143 casks spirits turpentine, 467 bbls rosin, 48 bbls tar, 102 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7½c for middling.

Ordinary	5½	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6¼	" "
Low Middling	7¼	" "
Middling	7½	" "
Good Middling	7 13-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7½c.

Receipts—10 bales; same day last year 970.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 80c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN.—Firm; 45@47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.50 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended May 21, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
51	808	5,951	1,978	216

RECEIPTS.

For week ended May 22, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
443	801	3,383	1,332	233

EXPORTS.

For week ended May 21, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	227	545	461	710	186
Foreign	000	000	5,487	000	000
	227	545	5 948	710	186

EXPORTS.

For week ended May 22, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	207	1,200	979	983	314
Foreign	000	000	5,167	000	000
	207	1,200	6,146	983	314

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, May 21, 1897.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	3,873	307	4,180
Spirits	716	53	769
Rosin	22,465	50	22,515
Tar	4,964	280	5,244
Crude	394	000	394

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, May 22, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
6,100	882	20,905	7,921	605

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

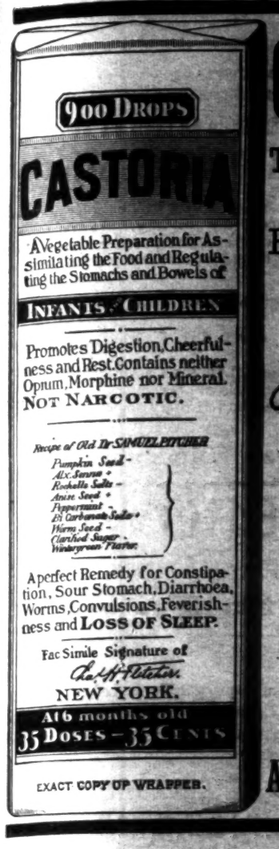
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 21—Evening.—Money on call easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1½@1¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487¾ for demand; 486¼@486¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 487 and 488@488½. Commercial bills 485¾. Silver certificates 60½@60⅝. Government bonds were firm; fives, registered, 113; fives, coupon, 113; fours registered, 110¾; fours, coupon, 113; twos, registered, 96. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 124; North Carolina fours 104. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Rosin firm; strained common to good $1 75. Spirits turpentine steady at 27½@



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you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

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A LAST WORD.

"All roadways," said the Roman pride—
"All roadways lead to Rome."
Perchance, howe'er men's paths divide,
At last they bring them home.

I have not known of mortal mold,
A wretch so fell and grim,
But when the story all was told
I needs must weep with him.

Time takes my strength, but gives my pen
A wider range and scope.
I view the heaven swayed lives of men
With endless trust and hope.

No more I label, sort, define
God's dealings deep and dread.
I raise to heaven these eyes of mine,
And all my creed is said.
—Frederick Longbridge in New York Tribune.

AN ENGLISH CORONATION.

Some of the Ceremonies That Are Senseless and Fantastic.

From a strictly "up to date" point of view many of the ceremonies attendant on the coronation of the English sovereign are senseless and fantastic. But embodying, as they do, the history or tradition of centuries, from the student's standpoint they are of deep interest. Mr. P. H. Ditchfield, in a book concerning "Old English Customs," describes some of the most remarkable of these customs.

By hereditary right many persons have special dignities and duties at this time, and preceding a coronation a special court of claims is appointed to investigate these ancient rights and privileges.

The prerogative of the lord of the Manor of Workshop is to present a glove and to support the sovereign's arm when holding the scepter, and also to hold the office of chief butler, which entitles him to receive a cup of pure gold. The ceremony of enthroning is called "lifting to the throne," derived from the custom of our Anglo-Saxon forefathers, who, when their king was enthroned, lifted him from the ground.

Among the curious claims of service is that of a certain baron to carry the great spurs, and of the archbishop of Canterbury to make a mess of pottage, called dillegrout.

Certain offerings are made, among which are an ingot of gold and an altar pall, "composed of ten yards of gold barred, gold frosted, flowered brocade lined with rich sarcenet and with deep, gold fringe."

The oaken chair on which the sovereign is seated has been in use since the time of Edward II, and beneath it is the coronation stone, which was conveyed to Westminster from Scotland by Edward I. A wild legend declares it to be the stone on which Jacob laid his head when he slept at Bethel.

The most solemn function is the anointing, during which four Knights of the Garter hold a canopy over the sovereign, while the archbishop pours the anointing oil with a spoon, which is the most ancient of all the regalia, and with which many sovereigns have been anointed.

But the strangest survival of all is the claim of the Dymoke family to the office of king's champion. His duty is to appear on horseback in full armor at the royal banquet after the coronation, accompanied by the earl marshal and the lord high constable. The champion then makes a challenge, according to the old time form of words, and throws down his gauntlet. The challenge not being accepted, the sovereign drinks the health of the champion in a silver cup, which is presented to the brave defender of English monarchy, who then backs his horse out of the hall.

"Sweetness and Light."

Professor Skeat, who has written more than 50 books on etymology and kindred subjects, has acquired the habit of delving after the roots instead of enjoying the bloom and fruit of literature. In his "A Student's Pastime" he says of Dean Swift's famous phrase, "Sweetness and light," that it "is a meaningless expression unless we know the context." He then explains what all readers know, that Swift referred to bees and wrote that they fill their "hives with honey and wax, thus furnishing mankind with the two noblest of things, which are sweetness and light." Whatever Swift may have meant by the phrase, it no longer, on the lips of any thinker, refers to the "sweetness" or the honey in the honeycomb and to the "light" of a taper. Swift shows that he meant more than this by using the words "the two noblest of things."

But, the dean aside, the phrase "sweetness and light" now belongs to Matthew Arnold, who first used it to express the two greatest qualities of mind and soul. It has been said that he who quotes a thought is next in merit to him who conceived it, but he who fashions a phrase is surely not so praiseworthy as he who ennobles it by a higher use. The wordy sentence in which Francis I told his mother that "every thing is lost except honor and life, which are saved," has been made sublime by some thinker who compressed the thought into "all is lost save honor." Matthew Arnold, rising above the bees, either of Furness Fells or of Hybla, exalted Swift's words, and they now mean wherever English is spoken or read the noble sweetness of temper and the luminous and illuminating power of soul. We no longer quote Swift; we quote Arnold. —New York Times.

A Great Man Facing Defeat.

Mr. Gladstone, one of the greatest of Englishmen and a man who has seen comparatively few of his plans of state succeed, is said to be personally disliked by Queen Victoria. For years he had worked hard upon a plan having for its object the benefit of Ireland and Irish farmers and tenants. All of his plans were frustrated. While his great policy was being wrecked he sat in the library of the house of commons and read the words of a famous opera. Some friends, finding him there, expressed amazement. But this act of the great minister did not indicate indifference. It showed rather a tension that sought relief in order to avoid worse effects, for when spoken to he said, with a voice full of pathos, "For the past five years I have rolled this stone patiently up hill, and it is now rolled to the bottom again, and I am 81 years old."—Atlanta Constitution.

TENNESSEE'S BIG SHOW—CONCLUDED.

this character and showing the standing of the schools of the state. The practical, everyday work in the schools will be demonstrated by exhibition or specimens of work by pupils on wall space and on tables representing all branches taught.

The interest taken in this department by school superintendents and teachers throughout the state indicates that, aside from the various amusement features, the Children's building will be one of the most popular and instructive attractions of the exposition. The largest room will be devoted to exercises for children. Toys and unique articles from all nations will form another interesting exhibit, and, in fact, everything calculated to amuse, please and instruct children and to encourage and stimulate study and advancement will be found in its proper place. In the rear of the building will be a beautiful grassy and well shaded plot, in which deer and other pet animals will have a share in the amusement of their little friends, and in front there will be a tall tower, with silver chimes in the belfry, bought also with money raised by the children.

Shelby County's Building.

One of the most remarkable and unique of the centennial buildings is that erected by Shelby county and the city of Memphis, being a reproduction and adaptation of the pyramid of Cheops, erected 3,000 years before the Christian era, and antedating the Parthenon some 2,500 years. It is about one-sixth of the original size, being 115 feet on its base line, 130 feet on its angle and 100 feet on its perpendicular line. The interior is a vast hall, 85 feet square and 50 feet high, with galleries all around 15 feet in width. This is the first time since the building of the pyramids by the Egyptians that an attempt by any architect has been made to reproduce them, and it will therefore necessarily attract attention. In this artistic structure Shelby county, of which Memphis is the county seat, will display her cotton and farm products and her manufactures. Memphis on the Mississippi will thus revive the ancient city from which it derives its name.

MRS. VAN LEER KIRKMAN.

The History Building.

The History building is an adaptation of the Erechtheon, the venerable temple of Athens that stood near the Parthenon on the Acropolis. It contains relics and articles sacredly preserved by the Tennessee Historical society, the Colonial Dames, the Confederate Veterans and the Grand Army of the Republic. The building contains about 4,300 square feet, divided into five compartments, one of each of which is set apart for history and antiquities, the Confederate Veterans, the Grand Army of the Republic, the Colonial Dames and Daughters of the Revolution combined and one for miscellaneous contributions.

The Electricity Building.

While many of the buildings suggest in architecture the art of ancient Greece, the Electricity building is modeled after the tower of Babel, a clever idea certainly. This will prove one of the imposing features of the exposition, for the spiral edifice will be brilliantly illuminated at night with new electrical devices.

Vanity Fair.

The amusement row at every world's fair since the Chicago exposition has been known as the Midway, in honor of the Midway plaisance, along which these concessions were grouped at Chicago. But the Tennessee centennial has found a new name for the amusement quarter.

The place set apart for them is called Vanity Fair, after the show mentioned in "Pilgrim's Progress," which was seen by Christian in his journey through life.

In the list of attractions is the giant saw mill, in some respects an improvement on the Ferris wheel, shoot the chutes, German village, Chinese village, Chinese dragon show, Cuban village, cyclorama of Gettysburg, Cabaret du Neant, Casino, Old Vienna, Mystic Maze, Palace of Illusions, ostrich farm, Colorado gold mine, old plantation, German & Boone's trained wild animals, streets of Cairo, Moorish palace, haunted swing, whaleback sea wave, electric scenic theater, Pompey's pillar, camera obscura, money illusion, Venetian canal and many more. Vanity Fair occupies the western portion of the park, beyond the line of the Commerce and Transportation buildings.

The Woman's Building.

The architecture of the Woman's building is a partial counterpart of The Hermitage, the house of President Andrew Jackson, situated near Nashville. Added to the colonial style are suggestions of the Greek school of architecture, producing an unusually beautiful and artistic effect. It is situated south of the Auditorium, at the edge of a shady grove of trees. Eight splendid columns hold the roof above the portico, and higher still an observatory, surrounded by columns and highly ornamented, crowns the whole. A woman, Mrs. Sarah Ward-Conley, is the architect, and it will be managed entirely by women under the direction of Mrs. Van Leer Kirkman, the president of the woman's board. Within the doors a rotunda extends through the two stories, with a grand staircase leading up from the rear, passing a magnificent circular window of many colors. In this large space, or rotunda, there will be playing fountains and palms and statuary in rich luxuriance. At the left of the entrance is the assembly hall for congresses and public meetings. Other rooms are devoted to the arts and industries, to patents, books and musical compositions, painting, sculpture, ceramics and china painting, embroidery, model cooking, education and the work of women exclusively of every character.

Mrs. Van Leer Kirkman, president of the woman's department of the Tennessee exposition, assisted by Mrs. G. H. Ratterman, chairman of woman's patents, has prepared the most unique exhibition of woman's work ever conceived.

In one room of the Woman's building there stands a high horse, upon which there is every trapping invented for the horse by woman.

Accommodations.

A very interesting point to all who intend to visit Nashville is the accommodation and expense. This has not been overlooked and the official Centennial bureau of registration and public comfort affords the public every facility for securing accommodations in advance. All that is necessary is to write to the chief, Mr. Wharton J. Allen; tell him what you want and what you want to pay for board, and he will tell you where to get it. He is a well known business man of the city.

All telegrams and letters addressed care of this bureau will be promptly delivered by its special messengers. All visitors will be welcomed and any information will be cheerfully given.

The following rates will be charged: Board, per day, in private residences, with meals, $1 to $1.50; without meals, 50 cents to $1; boarding houses, with meals, $1 to $2 per day; hotels, with meals, $3 to $5; without meals, $1 and upward. Liberal rates will be given by week or month. By communicating with the bureau you can secure rooms for any date desired.

Mr. C. E. Harman, general passenger agent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, Atlanta, is prepared to furnish any information relative to rates of railroad fare, hotel accommodations, etc., upon application.

MINERALS AND FORESTRY.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller that I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to-day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain. In passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

QUARTERLY MEETINGS

For the Wilmington District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:

Bladen Street, at night, May 19.
Fifth Street, May 23.
Onslow, at Swansboro, May 27, 28.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Richlands, May 29, 30.
Columbus, June 4.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, June 5, 6.
Waccamaw, June 8.
Kenansville, at Warsaw, June 10, 11.
Magnolia, June 12, 13.
Bladen, June 19, 20.
Elizabeth, at Carver's Creek, June 26, 27.

The District Conference will meet at Clinton and will embrace the second Sunday in July. R. C. BEAMAN, Presiding Elder.

This is the very best Smoking Tobacco made.

Blackwell's Genuine

BULL DURHAM

You will find one coupon inside each 2 ounce bag and two coupons inside each 4 ounce bag. Buy a bag, read the coupon and see how to get your share of $250,000 in presents.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Paid in Capital $125,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits $65,000.

Promptness! Accuracy! Safety!

Liberal loans made at lowest rates on approved security. We have always made a specialty of supplying, without postponement, all customers desiring to borrow on good security.

Your Account Solicited.

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood,
W. E. Springer,
D. L. Gore,
C. W. Worth,
S. P. McNair,
E. J. Powers,
Sam'l Bear, Jr.,
H. L. Vollers,
W. C. Coker, Jr.,
P. L. Bridgers,
G. A. Norwood, Greenville, S. C.

ap 24 tf

High Grade Fertilizers.

TO INSURE A GOOD CROP OF TOBACCO, COTTON, TRUCK OR SMALL GRAIN, USE ONLY

RELIABLE, HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS,

MANUFACTURED BY

POWERS, GIBBS & CO.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Leading Manufacturers of Fertilizers in the South.

Increased Sales for 1896 Fifty Per Cent.

No expense spared in the Manufacture of Goods. Nothing but First-Class Materials Used

For further information see the bulletins for years past. We lead, others follow.

☞ Correspondence invited. jan 17 tf

Bowden Lithia water

CONTAINS MORE LITHIA

Than Any Other Natural Mineral Water in the World.

The Only Known Solvent

of Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys.

From Lithia Springs, Ga. Popular Prices.

Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, ex-President Georgia State Medical Association, says: "Have used Bowden Lithia Water exclusively in bladder and kidney troubles, and the results have been most gratifying."

W. A. Wakely, M. D., Auburn, N. Y., says: "Have obtained quick and satisfactory results in Chronic Rheumatism and Bright's Disease."

BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Insomnia, Gout and Nervous Dyspepsia. Post Card brings illustrated pamphlet.

Our Sparkling Table Water Has no Equal. For Sale in Any Quantity By

BOWDEN LITHIA SPRINGS CO.,

mar 8 D&W 1y 174 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

JOB PRINTING.

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

The Star Job Printing Office, Book Bindery and Ruling Rooms Are Complete in Their Appointments.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY AND CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD,

Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

At Murchison's.

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Water Coolers,
Wire Screens,
Lawn Mowers,
Ice Cream Freezers,
Garden Hoes,
Ice Shaves and Picks,
Fishing Tackle.

ALSO

A Full Assortment of Hardware.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building.

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE!

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at STAR OFFICE.

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MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington,
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

ja 1m

Attention Representatives

TO THE GRAND CHAPTER AND OASIS I. Temple. While in the city call at Prompert's Barber Shop, 11 South Front street, for a first-class Shave, Hair Cut or anything in that line. We will fix you up in fine shape for the parade.

Respectfully, ARTHUR PROMPERT, 11 South Front street.

1 my 13 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 16, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9 00 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.55 a m, Goldsboro 11.55 a m, Wilson 12.06 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 1.50 p m, Weldon 2.30 p m, Petersburg 3.54 p m, Richmond 5.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.59 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.35 a m, †Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 66—Passenger—Due Magnolia 9.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.08 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.07 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.08 p m, Boston 5.00 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3 40 P M — No. 65—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.75 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.40 p m, Florence 7.35 p m, Sumter 8.49 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.36 a m, Augusta 5.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.30 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.05 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.13 p m, Rocky Mount 12.40 p m, Wilson 1.13 p m, Goldsboro 2.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 2.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.35 p m, Washington 5.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.19 p m, †Norfolk 2.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.08 a m, Warsaw 7.34 a m, Magnolia 8.57 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 P M — No. 84—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.35 a m, Sanford 2.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.05 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 3.30 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.20 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.35 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.38 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leave Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.59 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.30 a m and 1.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5.40 p m, returning leaves Parmele 9.30 a m and 6.20 p m, arrives Washington 11.00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4.05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 30 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10.25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 9 a m, Nashville 9.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 5.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 48 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.04 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 6.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5 40 p m, arrive Hub 6.06 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 45 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 45 p m, leave Lanes 5.56 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.30 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 5 p m, arrive Lanes 8.30 a m, 5.36 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Conway and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 53 a m, arrive Darlington 9 36 a m, Chenaw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 10 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 5.10 p m, arrive Darlington 5.40 p m., Hartsville 7 35 p m, Bennettsville 9 35 p m. Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.37 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 40 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Chenaw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 20 p m, arrive Florence 7 07 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.05 p m, 11.10 p m, arrive Selma 3.30 p m, Smithfield 3.50 p m, Dunn 3.59 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m. 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.30 a m, 10.30 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.40 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.40 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 6 40 a m, Camden 8 10 a m, arrive Denmark 8 35 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4.50 p m, arrive Sumter 6 07 p m, Sunday 6 00 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 8 40 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 1 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.30 a m and 7.40 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 7.35 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 18 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No. 46	No. 48		No. 47	No. 45
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
3 00		Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
3 10		Lv...Derry street...Ar	12 30	
3 30		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv		12 05
11 00	3 10	Lv " Ar	10 40	10 35
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	10 00	9 15
12 20	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 35	8 50
1 30	5 30	Ar...Newbern...Lv	9 00	8 00
P M	P M		A M	A M

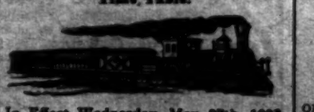
Nos. 3 and 5 mixed trains
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Train 8 and 9 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
†Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
‡Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 18 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	5 30	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
.....	6 12	Kinston	10 38	.....
6 15	6 30	Newbern	9 27	9 36
8 27	8 40	Morehead City	7 10	7 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 3 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 25 a m, and with Southern Railway train W 7, leaving Goldsboro 1.00 p m, and with W. M. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 4 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 8.00 a m, and with W. & W. train from the North at 8.35 a m. No. 1 train also connects with W. M. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. BILL, Sup't.

CURES by 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. 1 to 5 days. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

jan 31 y

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS—DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO

ATLANTA, CHARLOTTE, ATHENS, WILMINGTON, NEW ORLEANS, CHATTANOOGA AND NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, NORFOLK, RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT March 28, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 30 p m	.....
Leave Lumberton	5 30 p m	.....
Leave Maxton	6 14 p m	.....
Leave Laurinburg	6 38 p m	.....
Arrive Hamlet	6 55 p m	.....
Leave Hamlet	7 15 p m	*6 17 pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 35am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	6 14am
Leave Marshville	8 46 p m	6 50am
Arrive Monroe	9 15 p m	7 45am
Arrive Monroe	9 30 p m	8 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 30 p m	9 00am
Arrive Mt. Holly	.....	9 35am
Arrive Lincolnton	.....	10 25am
Arrive Shelby	.....	11 20am
Arrive Kingsboro	.....	12 20pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	.....	12 44pm

*6 40 a m Leave.....Hamlet.....Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive.....Cheraw.....Leave *6 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	.....	*4 25pm
Leave Kingsboro	.....	5 10pm
Leave Shelby	.....	6 05pm
Leave Lincolnton	.....	7 10pm
Leave Mt. Holly	.....	7 50pm
Leave Charlotte	*6 10 a m	9 40pm
Arrive Monroe	6 50 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 20 am	.....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 40 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 22pm
Leave Hamlet	8 45 am	.....
Leave Laurinburg	9 11 am	.....
Leave Maxton	9 30 am	.....
Leave Lumberton	10 18 am	.....
Arrive Wilmington	12 35 pm	.....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*6 15 am	*11 22pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	3 11am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 35am
Arrive Richmond	*5 30 pm	*3 35am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 25pm
Arrive New York	5 05 am	6 12pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*5 45 am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 am	1 45am
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	4 05am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	2 50 pm	5 30am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

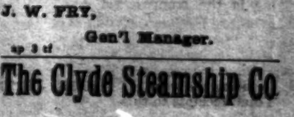
THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
B. A. NEWLAND, Gen. Agt. P. Dept. 6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

E. St. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.
feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 4, 1897

| SOU

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 22, 1897

THE TARIFF BILL.

Both Republican and Democratic Senators Will Caucus to Decide Upon Plans of Action.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The Republican Senators will hold a caucus Monday after the adjournment of the Senate to consider various questions in connection with the Tariff bill. The first effort will be to devise plans to expedite the consideration of the bill, and there will also be an attempt to reconcile differences of opinion as to the merits of some features of the bill. Some of the schedules are objectionable to many of the Senators, and the suggestion has been made that it is advisable to settle such differences in caucus rather than in open Senate. The principal object of the caucus, however, is to agree upon a plan for the limitation of the time for debate and under the present rules it is considered that this can only be done by mutual consent. What the tariff leaders will first attempt is to secure an agreement among Republican Senators to restrain any desire they may have for general speeches and thus throw the responsibility for whatever delay may occur upon the opposition. So far as agreed upon the programme is to have Senator Aldrich make his statement on Monday or Tuesday of next week and to follow this by immediately taking up the schedules and making no other set speeches on the Republican side of the Chamber. If this plan could be endorsed by a caucus, it would of course be materially strengthened. This agreement may be difficult to obtain without some amendments of the bill, but the advocates of the caucus plan believe these changes may be secured in caucus and the work expedited. There are indications that the debate may not be so greatly prolonged as at first seemed probable. The Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans all aver that they will consume no unnecessary time with speeches. The Democrats profess to be especially anxious that there should be no delay. The Democrats will also hold a caucus soon to decide upon a line of action with reference to the tariff, especially on the subject of amendments. A Democratic member of the finance committee expressed the opinion to-day that a month would be sufficient time for debate.

ROW IN THE SPANISH SENATE

The Minister for Foreign Affairs Boxes the Ears of a Senator—Resignation of the Minister.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, May 21.—In the Spanish Senate to-day there was a heated and tumultuous debate regarding the resolution passed by the United States Senate yesterday to recognize the Cubans as belligerents. The debate was followed by an excited discussion in the lobbies. This led to a dispute between the Duke of Tetuan, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, and a Liberal Senator, which ended in the Duke boxing the Senator's ears. A great commotion ensued and the sitting of the Senate was suspended. The Liberal minority afterwards held a meeting to consider the situation and ex-Premier Sagasta, the Liberal leader, was summoned to confer with his followers. An urgent message was also sent to the Premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo, by the Ministerialists. The Duke of Tetuan, later in the day, resigned as a result of the incident. Senor Canovas, the Premier, will take the portfolio ad interim. The Liberal Senators have decided to attend no more sessions of the Senate until full satisfaction has been accorded to Senator Comas and the Liberal party by the Duke of Tetuan.

MADRID, May 22.—1 A. M.—The Duke of Tetuan and Senator Comas have selected seconds as a preliminary to a duel.

CUBAN RESOLUTION.

Speaker Reed Will Confer with the President Before Action is Taken by the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—No official information could be obtained as to what action the House will take on the Cuban resolution passed by the Senate yesterday, but it was understood that Speaker Reed would have a conference with the President on the subject at an early day and no action would be taken until after that conference. The inference was that the action of the House managers would be guided to a large extent by the result of the conference. It is probable that some attempt will be made on the part of the Democrates to have the resolution considered as soon as it reaches the House, but this can not be done except by unanimous consent, which will not be given, or by a special order from the committee on rules. This special order will not be brought in until the Republican leaders are ready for some action to be taken.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

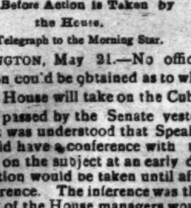
Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending May 21.

	1897	1896
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	20,041	23,707
Total receipts to this date.....	6,589,335	5,058,910
Exports for the week	56,944	40,363
Total exports to this date.....	5,619,347	4,196,450
Stock in all United States ports.....	367,503	370,431
Stock at all interior towns.....	107,713	159,943
Stock in Liverpool...	1,153,000	1,070,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	50,000	50,000

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co.
New York.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

SOUTHERN GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT CHARLOTTE.

Standing Committees Announced—Overtures Read and Referred—Dr. Witherspoon Delivers an Address on Adoption of the Westminster Standards.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, May 21.—The work of the Presbyterian Assembly to-day, compared with that of yesterday, was light. The reading of overtures consumed the entire morning session. All overtures and memorials were referred to the Committee on Bills and Overtures except those in reference to publications and to colored work, which were referred to the Committee on Publication and Colored Evangelization. The standing committees as appointed at the morning session were:

Bills and Overtures—R Q Mallard, S A King, A W Milster, L A Johnston, A S Doak, B M Shive, S G Miller, J G Richards, E H Buchanan, James Hemphill, H M D Martin, George Howard, J F Kennedy, W S Neeley.

Judicial—S M Neel, R A Mickel, R M Hammock, J M W Elder, J D Thomas, J M Smith, J G Herndon, A C Howze, J B Ofutt, J O Perry, L A Hill, D Askew, Samuel Davis, W Hethorn.

Home Missions—Robert Price, J H Wiggins, J D A Brown, S W Davies, F D Hunt, W S Porter, H T Graham, J B Button, E Mack, W McPheeters, L B McCrary, J W Crawford, H D Peden, A C McAlister, J A James, E M Williamson.

Foreign Missions—F R Beattie, A B Curry, W B Arrowood, S C Alexander, Daniel Blair, R G Brown, E M Munroe, C D Gilkeson, C H Kemper, W T Shannon, B R Welford, J Stillinglaw, F L Stagle, S J Andrews, W M Graybill, George Perkins, R W Santos, J L McLees.

Education—R L Dabney, H T Damail, W P Hemphill, J C Molley, W V Frierson, A B Colt, C P Foreman, D Patterson, O E Johnson, Jr., J L Roxburgh, A G Neel, W W Simpson, J P McLare.

Publication—A W Pitzer, G G Woodbridge, J K Hall, H M Parker, A A McGeachy, J T Roethrock, L S Newman, J M Hodgson, J M Scott, C W Alexander, W P Weed, R H M Davidson, W S Forsythe.

Colored Evangelization—J W Bachman, A R Cocke, T M Hunter, J A McLees, M A Kerr, H S Bradshaw, W R Wilson, T H Stall, J G Hall, G D Crenshaw, C W Dorsey, A Mays.

Home and Schools—R C Reed, A W Crawford, W B Bingham, T H Newkirk, C A B Jennings, P H Gwynn, G W Nickell, W W Kerr, B W Powell, J L Hine, F M Stites.

Sabbath School—R K Smoot, H H Newman, J C Tate, C M Richards, T M McCorkle, J M Hoskins, S E Welch, H A Chambers, J J Ross.

Theological Seminaries—J W Walden, J D Dean, J J Hill, R F Patterson, W M McAlister, James McCalchen, H L Caldwell.

Systematic Beneficence—T M McConnell, J L R Walker, J E Pharre, J W Bird, W B Stinson.

Narrative—J Calvin Stewart, H G Griswold, R H Adams, Eugene Johnson, Henry Ginder.

Bible Cause—W A Wood, W T Overstreet, J M Halladay, F C Eaton, J H Anderson.

Leave of Absence—W McP Alexander, A Mayes, C L Stewart, J L Cunningham, R E McWilliams.

Auditing Committee—J D Taylor, Foster Harper, F H Curtis.

Devotional Exercises—R Z Johnson, A A Little, J C McLaughlin.

Foreign Correspondence—M D Hoge, J B Shearer, J C Oehler, D A McRae, E D Washburne, J C Parkham, W W Watts, F S Hall.

Synodical Records—Alabama, S C Alexander, H S Stanley; Arkansas, W F Alexander, J M Dent; Florida, C L Stewart, J W Blue; Georgia, W T Overstreet, E S Mayes; Kentucky, J M Halladay, P P Pelham; Memphis, F D Hunt, J W Mourning; Mississippi, J F Paarr, H McDowell; Missouri, C A B Jennings, L W G Albright; Nashville, T M Hunter, J F Murdock; North Carolina, A S Doak, J R Guy; South Carolina, A A Little, Giles Cook; Texas, M H Kerr, J K Peck; Virginia, C M Richards, E P Matthews.

At 12 o'clock Rev. Dr. I. D. Witherspoon delivered the third of the eleven addresses on the adoption of the Westminister standards. His subject was: "A Description of the Assembly; Its Personnel, Proceedings and Place of Meeting." The address was a magnificent effort. The afternoon session was dispensed with in order to allow the committees to get together and map out their work. The assembly accepted an invitation to go on an outing to Davidson College Monday afternoon. The event of to-night was the reading of Dr. Dabney's paper on "The Doctrinal Contents of the Confession of Faith, with its Fundamental and Regulative Ideas." The paper was read by Rev. Dr. R. C. Reed. It was a masterly effort.

The assembly will adjourn after to-morrow morning's session until Monday morning.

INSURANCE MEN.

The Commission Question Discussed by the Southeastern Tariff Association—Officers Elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA., May 21.—The time of the Southeastern Tariff Association to-day was taken up in the discussion of the commission question, which was raised by the delegation from Texas. Under existing regulations agents are allowed a commission of 15 per cent. on the business transacted for the companies represented by them. According to statements made by the members of the convention, however, certain companies have been securing the lion's share of the business in some towns and cities by resorting to questionable methods. The commission question was finally decided in favor of maintaining the system now in operation.

The following officers were elected: President, S Y Tupper, of Atlanta; Vice President, Charles Javanier, of New Orleans; Secretary, Charles C. Fleming, of Atlanta. Resident executive committee, D B Harris, C E Doz, W E Chapin, J L Whitner, J C Ruse, Milton Dargan, S French, G J Dexter; associate committee, Aisbama, E B Joseph; Georgia, Edgar S Wilson; Florida, J C Seymour; South Carolina, J W Cockran; Mississippi, L D Davis; Louisiana, E G Slattery; Virginia, George C McGilvery.

The place of the next meeting will be determined by the executive committee.

THREE MORE DAYS

Before the Relief Fund for Americans in Cuba can be Made Available.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Owing to some hitch at the capitol the Cuban relief resolution was not signed yesterday by the Speaker and the Vice President. As the signatures must be attached during the sessions of the House and Senate and as both houses have adjourned, until Monday, nothing can be done until that date.

The relief it provided for the starving Americans in Cuba is thus postponed three more days.

The Congressional delegation appointed to attend the funeral of U. S. Senator Earle left Washington for Greenville, S. C., last night via the Southern Railway. They will reach the latter place at noon to day.

SITUATION IN TRADE.

DUN'S REVIEW SAYS THERE IS EVIDENCE OF IMPROVEMENT

With Continuing Increase in Volume of Business, in Demand for Manufactured Products and in Movement of Grain and Produce.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 21.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade to morrow will say:

Unmistakable evidence of improvement comes in the general increase of commercial loans, mostly for Eastern merchants or companies, though some well known houses in the middle West appear with considerable rediscounts from the South.

Not for a long time have commercial loans been fully half the whole. The distinct change gives proof that new business has been larger than many have supposed. Receipts of money from the interior exceed shipments $1,500,000, mostly from the middle West. Exports of gold have no influence and only signify the willingness of Russia to pay a price for the gold needed. The excess of merchandise imports to answer is the most for a half a year to come involves a greater excess of exports when the anticipatory movement ends and crops begin to move, which fact renders large outgoes of gold less likely, and gives the country a stronger position in international markets. Meanwhile there is a continuing increase, distinct though gradual, in the volume of business, in demand for products of manufacture, and, considering the time of the year, in movement of grain and produce.

Western wheat receipts exceed last year's for the week 3,884,189 bushels, against 1,738 986, and Atlantic exports were 1,670 813 bushels, flour included, against 1 303.491 last year, and for three weeks 4,778,729 bushels, against 3,885,-910 for the same period last year. Western receipts of corn were 1,655,677 bushels, against 1,495,670, and Atlantic exports 2,188,890 bushels, against 1,608,-748 last year, notwithstanding the enormous increase hitherto. Wheat again cheated hopeful buyers and fell nearly 4c, closing 3½c lower for the week. Corn was a shade weaker.

Cotton once more hopefully advanced 7⅜c, but fell back to 7⅛c, with poor support here and abroad. Both the volume of stocks and the condition of domestic and foreign markets for goods hinder advance, and later acreage reports are better.

The iron industry has quite an increase in new business, though not in all branches. Part was due to the rupture of the steel beam pool and the fall in prices from $1.55 to $1.25 nominally quoted and some good structural contracts were at once secured. Part is due to a better demand for plates and for pipe, of which one large contract for Indiana fields was placed, and part to growing needs for cars and vessels. There is also some increase in rods, though the season for wire and nails is nearing an end, because of an expected pool of rods mills. Low Southern freight rates marketed a little more iron at the North, and Eastern foundry is slightly lower, with grey forge only $8.25 at Pittsburg. The Carnegie works are now turning out 3 000 tons of rails daily, nearly all on old orders, and exports of finished products increase. Sales of copper, said to be nearly 60 000 pounds, have stiffened the price to 11¾c for lake, and tin rose to 18¾c in spite of large arrivals, though lead was weaker at $3.25 and tin plates at $3 30. Coke is also a shade lower.

Sales of wool decrease, but are still greater than when all the mills were busy; but manufacturers are doing scarcely anything, most of their possible demand for months ahead having been supplied. Western holders begin to offer at 1@1½c lower than of late. Woollen goods are dull, but prices are firm. The strike of clothing hands here somewhat restricts the new demand.

Cotton goods are without change in prices; print cloths still at the lowest on record and the demand is still indifferent with talk of temporary closing of mills at the South.

There are 248 business failures throughout the United States this week, which is not far from what may be called the normal. This total is compared with 251 last week, 215 in the third week of May, 1896, 206 in the like week of 1895, 287 in 1894 and 247 in the corresponding week of 1893.

CHARLOTTE BICYCLE RACES.

A Large Crowd at the Professionals' Contest for Prizes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, May 21.—The racing at the bicycle track to-day drew another large crowd to witness the professionals ride for prizes in gold. Summaries:

First race—Half mile open. Jack won; Newhouse second; Steenson third. Time 1.11.

Second race—Two mile handicap. Jack won; Newland second; Eaton third. Time 4 50.

Third race—One mile open. Won by Eaton. Time 2 30.

Fourth race—One mile amateur, one mile open. Halstead won; Clum second; Shade third. Time 2.21 2 5.

THE CUBAN QUESTION

Discussed at a Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The Cuban question was discussed at to-day's Cabinet meeting and it is understood to have been the tenor of discussion that the Senate's action in passing the Morgan resolution would interfere with the efforts of the executive to accomplish something substantial for the Cubans. The nature of the President's policy has not been disclosed, and action is not likely to be taken until Mr. Calhoun's report has been received.

WARM WIRELETS.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $975,103,123; per cent increase, 2 0. Exclusive of New York, $482,597,808; per cent. increase, 3.5.

Henry Love, colored, under arrest at Winston, N. C., has confessed that he is Lewis Mason, who killed Peter Duran, while under arrest at Atlanta on Christmas day, 1895.

Elijah Morton, colored, was hanged at McRae, Ga., yesterday for murdering Charles and Ella Cromartie, also colored. Morton's victims were the parents of his wife.

In the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen's convention two important changes were made in legislation. The first reduced the age of admittance from 21 to 18 years and the second made a trainman eligible for admission after six months service instead of one year as heretofore.

A Congressional party, numbering about sixty persons, made a pilgrimage yesterday from Washington to Monticello, Va., the home of Thomas Jefferson. The trip was planned by Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, at the invitation of Mr. Jefferson M. Levy, the present owner of Monticello.

TIRED, NERVOUS and weak men and women find new life, nerve strength, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic, easy to take, easy in effect. 25 cent.

TERMS OF PEACE

TO BE SUBMITTED BY AMBASSADORS OF THE POWERS.

Rectification of the Greco-Turkish Frontier and Payment of Indemnity by Greece—Turkish Troops Ravishing and Pillaging in Thessaly—Another Ministerial Crisis at Athens.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 21.—The Porte has concluded a large contract with Herr Krupp, the German gunmaker, for a supply of artillery and ammunition.

ATHENS, May 21, 9 a. m.—A dispatch from Lamaia says that white flags have been hoisted along the lines of both armies, and that Crown Prince Constantine has formally announced the armistice to his troops.

In spite of the armistice the Turks have advanced to Daltza and occupied and fortified several positions. The Government has formally protested against this.

It is stated that the Turks are pillaging and burning in all parts of Thessaly.

The Boule will be convoked as soon as the terms of peace have been arranged.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 21.—United States Minister Terrell escorted Major General Nelson A. Miles, of the United States army, who was accompanied by his aide de camp, Captain Ganns and two secretaries of the embassy, to the ceremony of the Selamlik to-day, after which General Miles was received by the Sultan, who gave him a special audience. General Miles will start for Thessaly in a day or so.

Captain Scriven, United States military attache at Rome, has been nominated military attache at the American embassy at Constantinople.

LONDON, May 21.—A dispatch to the *Daily Mail* from Constantinople says the ambassadors will present a note to the Porte to-morrow embodying the terms of peace to which they will agree. The note will refuse to permit the abolition of capitulations in the case of Greek subjects or the annexation of Thessaly, but will consent to a strategic rectification of the frontier and to an indemnity not exceeding 115,000,000 francs.

A dispatch to the *Daily Mail* from Berlin says the *Post* publishes a telegram from Salonica, asserting that in spite of the armistice a Greek warship had fired upon and sunk a vessel flying a Turkish flag. Five of the crew were drowned.

LONDON, May 22.—It is again reported by way of Vienna that serious dissensions have broken out in the Greek Cabinet and that the resignation of M. Ralli is probable.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 21.—The ambassadors are still waiting instructions from their respective governments as to the capacity in which they are to act when presenting the note, which it is understood will be presented to-morrow, whether as advisors or negotiators.

It is understood that the Powers will consent to the demand of the Turkish Government that the gulfs of Volo and Arta be opened for the revictualling of the Turkish troops, and that the peace negotiations will be conducted here.

LONDON, May 22.—The Athens correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* says: Small bodies of the Turkish right wing in Thessaly advanced to-day (Friday) toward the village of Dvri. This is a flagrant breach of the armistice. The Turks have also pillaged the estate of the heirs of Photiades Pasha, late Christian Governor of Crete, near Sofalis, taking away thirty-eight wagon loads of furniture, burning dwellings, violating women and committing many other acts of pillage and outrage.

LONDON, May 21.—The Vienna correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* says: "I learn from a reliable source that the fate of the dynasty of King George trembled in the balance last week. Serious attempts to depose him were frustrated by the direct action of the Powers. The Russian Government warned M. Ralli in the plainest terms, that the Powers were doing more for the sake of the dynasty than for the nation itself."

Done It Ago.

"I've done the United States from border to border and from coast to coast," declared the fat drummer to his fellows in just the tone that Spartacus must have used when he told the other captives of Rome that they did well to call him chief. "I know the country from soda to hock, and want to declare myself right here. Chicago has the worst thieves and the most of them of any city in the Union."

"What's the matter, fatty?"

"Well, I'm no jay, am I? Nobody chases me up with gold bricks or bogus freight bills, do they? I guess not. Yet I was glad enough to get out of Chicago with enough to wear. I dropped into a combination restaurant on Clark street. Somebody there got my money and watch. When it came to settling, I had to put up my ring or be thrown out on the walk a wreck. 'I've got those left,' I snarled as I started out with my silk umbrella and this walking stick, for I had kept them between my legs while I ate. It was blowling and snowing to beat the band, so I hoisted the umbrella and held it with my cane in one hand, while I kept my coat collar tight with the other. I ducked my head and plowed along, only stopping once when the walk was blockaded by three men holding up a policeman.

"What do you think I discovered when I reached the hotel? You may take my head for a football if some one hadn't stolen that umbrella. Yes, sir, while I was carrying it, and it had a big crook on the end as that."

"A bigger crook must have got on the other end," piped the little drummer, and the dazed listeners groped their way to the restorative department.—Detroit Free Press.

Chivalry.

In the cycle of circumstances is it not possible that real chivalry may pass from the province of the bachelor to that of the bachelor maid? A recent event suggests it. Two gentlemen, Hopkinson Smith and Professor William Sloane, prominent in art and letters, were overheard in a street car conversation. "Why do you not stop eating and laughing," queried one, "and take exercise and get back your figure?" The stout gentleman replied indulgently: "You are ten years too late. I have lost all shame. Now I am going to enjoy myself." As they left the car, laughing, a lame elderly gentleman entered, and seeing no empty seat supported himself in the swaying car by crutch and strap. A dozen men behind their newspapers made no movement, but a poorly dressed child carrying a large bundle jumped up and insisted on his taking her seat. "You came a few years too late," the manner of the younger men seemed to say to the cripple. "We have lost all shame. Now we are going to enjoy ourselves. Place aux dames!"—Youth's Companion.

A machine used by matchmaking firms cuts 10,000,000 sticks a day and then arranges them over a vat, where the heads are put on at a surprising rate of speed.

The highest waterfall in the world is Cholock cascade, at Yosemite, Cal., which is 2,634 feet high, or just half a mile.

In three days a letter from Havana will reach New York.

An ordinary load of mortar is one cubic yard.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CORNER STONE OF HEALTH.

Effect of Paine's Celery Compound Upon the Blood and Nerves.

Now is the season to lay the foundation for future health and strength.

The corner stones of good health are complete digestion, sound sleep, pure blood and a perfectly nourished nervous system.

The wonderful success of Paine's celery compound in making people well and keeping them so, has always been accounted for by physicians by its extraordinary power of nourishing and regulating all of these functions.

It is not strange that so many unscientific remedies do no permanent good when they disregard this close interdependence of the nerves and the organs of digestion and circulation, and attend to but one deranged part at the expense of all the rest.

The only possible way that a real lasting gain in strength and vitality can come is through purer blood, better nourished nerves and tissues, more refreshing sleep and an economy in the expenditure of nerve force.

These are the objective points aimed at and attained by Paine's celery compound?

This remarkable remedy permanently cures every form of nervous debility, neuralgia, sleeplessness, melancholy, hysteria, headaches, dyspepsia and heart palpitation. Primarily the nerves, and then every organ governed by them is induced to work in a normal and orderly manner.

Mothers should give their children Paine's celery compound now it is spring, instead of some hearsay blood purifier that can have no power of correcting an impure state of the blood or regulating so complicated parts of the body as the brain and nerves. Debility and disease are cured by Paine's celery compound. It is not in the power of any other remedy to make people so permanently and so completely well as this astonishing nerve and brain strengthener and restorer and blood purifier, Paine's celery compound. One needs simply to give it a trial to be satisfied.

UNIQUE ROYAL SALUTE.

It Came Much Nearer to Being a Royal Bombardment.

United States Army Messenger J. F. Gurnett of the army headquarters tells of a funny incident, which might have been serious, that happened in San Francisco bay when the army authorities were paying honors to King Kalakaua of the Hawaiian Islands at the time his majesty was on a visit to the United States in 1890. So carefully was the affair guarded that the story did not get out. Mr. Gurnett, who was present and practically had a hand in the ridiculous accident, says it has never been published before.

When King Kalakaua arrived in San Francisco, military and civil officials alike did honor to his highness and showed him much attention. General McDowell, who was then in command of the department of the Pacific, took the king out on the steamer General McPherson for a trip around the bay.

It was arranged that when the steamer arrived opposite Angel island in the bay the soldiers stationed there should fire a salute of 30 guns. It happened that at this time all the artillery forces had been withdrawn from Angel island, and companies of infantry had been stationed there instead. However, ten enormous guns, with their mouths projecting over the earthworks, still remained, and the infantry soldiers thought they could manage to fire them. The guns were 12 feet long, had a 15 inch bore and required several hatfuls of powder for even a small load.

It was known at what time the boat would arrive, so the guns were loaded with heavy blank cartridges and everything was made in readiness so that the salute could be fired at a moment's notice. While the amateur artillerymen were waiting to shoot off the guns a heavy rain came up, and the men ran for cover after hastily stopping and covering the mouths of the cannon with tampions to keep the rain from running in and wetting the powder. The cannons' mouths were elevated several degrees and the powder would soon have been ruined if the tampions had not been put in. The tampions were heavy wooden covers weighing 40 or 50 pounds and almost as large as the head of a barrel. While the men were still in the shed keeping out of the rain the General McPherson was noticed coming around the corner of the island from an entirely unexpected direction. With an excited yell the men ran to guns. Here was the king not a quarter of a mile away, and not a gun had been fired. The officer of the day—a young, raw stripling from the east who had secured a commission presumably by a pull—flew down to the wharf, and the men rushed to the guns and began touching them off, one every 30 seconds. The first one went off with a horrible roar. There was a swish in the air over the steamboat, and a big tampion flew over it with a screech like a shell.

The unskilled infantrymen had forgotten to pull out the tampions and were firing them straight at the General McPherson. There was another tremendous bang, and the second tampion hit the smokestack of the steamer and knocked a dent in it as big as a wheelbarrow. Inside the breastworks the men were blazing away in blissful ignorance of what they were doing. They heard a roar that deafened all other sounds. As the third tampion flew close to the deck of the steamer and within three feet of King Kalakaua's head the young officer of the day discovered what was the matter. Running back toward the guns, he yelled: "Pull them things out! Pull them things out!" After the fourth tampion had been blown harmlessly past the steamer the officer arrived inside the breastworks, and the tampions were removed from the rest of the guns.—Chicago Tribune.

Papyrus.

The papyrus used by the ancient Egyptians was made from the stems of a peculiar water reed growing in all parts of Egypt. The outside layer of the plant was removed, and beneath this there was found a number of layers of a delicate, pithy membrane. These, being separated, were placed in layers. A second layer was laid at right angles to and above the first and sometimes a third over the second. Heavy pressure was then applied, and the layers were firmly cemented into a fair article of paper. No gum other than what was contained in the plant itself was used in the process. The papyrus was very much stronger than the average paper made by the modern machines. The sheets were commonly made from 6 to 12 inches square.

Encouraged.

Magistrate (severely to prisoner)—Last time you were here I let you off with a caution.

Prisoner (coolly)—Yus; that's why I'm 'ere agin. It sort of encouraged me.—London Fun.

Household Perplexities.

The woman of the house looked out undaunted with her calm, clear eyes. "There is a solution to all problems," she said. "The remedy for the evil you speak of—the help question—and which we all deplore lies, I think, in a return to simplicity of living. There are few households, I fancy, where much of the work might not be eliminated without leaving any real void in the actual comfort of the family. Women climb too many stairs—houses are built with too many. They arrange their meals on altogether too elaborate a scale. Their furnishings are on a plan which requires too much dusting. They make too many desserts, too many preserves, institute too much fine laundry work and worry too much over trifles. Many of their cares might be reduced to a minimum if they only advanced enough to see things in their proper light."

"Another besetting sin in the middle class families is that in the absence of servants the husband does not hold himself responsible for the performance of the heavier tasks as he should do. There is not one man in ten in this walk of life who would not have ample time to take most, if not all, of the heavier household duties off of his wife's shoulders if he would only set himself resolutely about it. I know a number of doctors, ministers and lawyers who live in communities where help is scarce and poor who make a practice of exercising their muscles in this way, and who have as their reward comfortable homes, properly kept, and healthy, happy, pretty wives, who are not worked to death, even though a domestic seldom crosses the threshold. No, indeed, my dear, you mustn't think that the tragedy of the help question is sufficiently serious to devastate and lay waste all, or half, or quarter, or even an eighth of the homes on this continent. Certainly not while good husbands, with plenty of brawn and muscle, are left to preserve our equilibrium in nature."—Jennes Miller Monthly.

Singing.

"What is the use of attempting to teach singing to a girl who has no voice and no natural taste for music?" you ask. Just this: If you learn to sing or if you learn the exercises prescribed for those who are learning to sing, you will have acquired the art of breathing correctly, and that alone is worth the expenditure of money and time, not to mention the pleasure of understanding what is meant by a well trained voice and proper rendering of a song.—Brooklyn Eagle.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

H. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, No. 5 South Water street, solicits consignments of all kinds of produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Mutton a specialty. my 15 tf

Leave your orders with Andrew Mavronichols, No. 705 North Fourth street, for your "Ice Cream," delivered free any part of the city on Sunda Bell 'Phone 346. my 13 tf

Ladies drop me a Postal to 908 Princess street, I will come to your residence and see if your Sewing Machine needs any repairs. Furniture repaired also. 15 years experience. J. B. Farrar. my 11 3m

Brown Dress Linens, New Rays, Table Linens, Wool Dress Goods, on sale at 18 Market street this week. J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. tf

N. Siegert, Merchant Tailor, 1284 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Seasonable Suits made to order for $18 00 and up. The best work and fit is what I give my customers. When in need of anything in my line give me a call. my 4 1m

Fruit and Vegetables—We will handle all kinds of Vegetables and Fruit in season during the Convention. Please send in your orders evenings before, so there will be no delay in receiving them. W. J. Kirkham & Co. my 2 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 93. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c81

Sale of Valuable Phosphate Lands and MACHINERY.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 7TH, 1897, AT THE County Court House door in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, we will sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following property of the North Carolina Phosphate Company, to-wit: A certain tract of land in the said county of New Hanover, beginning at the North side of the bridge over Prince George's creek on the Wilmington and Newbern road, and running thence Northeastwardly with said road to its intersection with the land of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, thence N. 72 d e. 15 minutes E. 83 chains 80 links with the land of said Railroad Company to a stake; thence N 68 deg. W. 107 chains 98 links to the swamp; thence Southwardly with said swamp to Prince George's creek; thence Eastwardly with the meanderings of said creek to the beginning, containing eight hundred Acres. Said land is described in a deed of trust from the North Carolina Phosphate Company to A. B. Andrews and others, Trustees, dated January 1st, 1889, and duly registered in New Hanover county.

Also all and every the rights, liberties, privileges, immunities and franchises of the said North Carolina Phosphate Company, and all the works, machinery, property and effects of the said corporation now upon the land above described.

Said sale is made pursuant to the judgment of Wake Superior Court rendered at April term, 1897, in the cause therein pending entitled, "A. B. Young and others against the North Carolina Phosphate Company and others," No. 6912 Civil Issue Docket. Said judgment appearing on Minute Docket "B", pages 61 et seq. of the records of said Court. Terms of sale, Cash. Hour of sale, 12 m.

C. M. BUSBEE,
S. F. MORDECAI,
Commissioners.

May 5th, 1897.
my 5 tds

Send Us Your Orders

OR ASK FOR QUOTATIONS WHEN needing Meats, Lard, Flour, Sugar, Coffees, Rice, Tobacco, Soap, Crackers, Candy, Molasses or anything in the Grocery line. We will sell you goods as cheap as any one from any point. All we ask is a trial, and will substantiate this. We solicit your orders and consignments.

R. R. STONE & CO.,
my 5 D&W tf No. 7 South Water St.

For Rent.

COTTAGES AT OCEAN VIEW and Carolina Beach.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.
my 16 tf

Taylor's Bazaar

Have decided not to give any Chromos, but good value for the money in fashionable and desirable goods.

Just Received a New Lot of Sailors In All Colors and Shapes.

SHIRT WAISTS AND DRESS SKIRTS.

Buy an extra Skirt and a Shirt Waist. There isn't a tastier outfit worn. You can buy both for about the price of one just now. We are trying to push trade. When the summer sun creates a stampede for them they won't be so cheap nor choice. It is like giving you one and selling the other. You get both so cheap now.

COLLARS AND CUFFS in all the latest styles. We have just received a new lot by Express.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS, comprising a nice assortment of Organdies.

Dimities, Lawns, Percales, Sateens, Lappets, Cashmeres and Plaids.

A new lot of Belts and Handkerchiefs at exceedingly low prices.

Ladies' Muslin and Gauze Underwear, Hosiery and Infant's Wear. A large assortment to select from at

118 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.

my 18 tf

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

PROSPERITY.

We have received notice from manufacturers and dealers of a steady rise in all kinds of Dry Goods and Carpets. Prosperity is in sight and it behooves our customers to make their purchases before it arrives. We are offering goods this week to suit the

HARD TIMES.

1,000 yards Silkaline at 10 cents a yard.
We have just received 1,000 yards Bordered Muslins for Curtains at 12½, 15, 17, 18, 20, 25, 30 and 40c per yard.
300 Cloth Window Shades at 25 cents each, complete.
Antique Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, 54-inch wide, $1 per pair.
All Linen Window Shades 3x6 at 55 cents each.
Felt Window Shades 19½ cents each.
Curtain Poles, with wood-en fixtures, Oak, Mahogany, Walnut, Poplar, 25½ cents each.
Curtain Poles and Brass fixtures, Oak, Mahogany, Walnut and Poplar, 31½ cents each.
Brass Extension Rods 10 and 1 ¼ cents each.
Fine Place Screens, complete, $1 each.
Point de-Spres, 54-inch wide, 10c per yard.
Nottingham Curtain Nets 15, 20, 25 and 30c per yard.

UNDERWEAR.

Gentlemen's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers 25 and 50 cents each.
Gentlemen's Drill Drawers 50 cents pair.
Gentlemen's Hosiery 10, 15, 20, 25 and 50 cents.
Gentlemen's Dress Shirts 50, 75, $1 and $1.50.
Ladies' Bleached Vests, low neck, no sleeves, taped, 10 cents each.
Ladies' Unbleached Vests, low neck, no sleeves, taped, 12½ and 15 cents each.

Children's and Youths' Underwear.

We make a specialty of Ladies' Bathing Suits in Brilliantine and Flannel; also Submarine and ordinary Rubber Bathing Caps.
100 pieces Matting just received made in China—50, 30 and 100 line to a inch.
Carpets at special prices.
Small Hardware for house furnishing.
Art Denims in real and imitation.
Velours, Tapestries, Brussels, Ingrains, Draperies, Brocatelles, Tapestries, Upholstering Damask, Cotton, Upholstering Plush, Oil Cloths and Stair Linen, Tinsels and Trimmings, Portiers and Rugs.
Corsets—"Majestic," "R. & G.," C.B. à la sprite, Warner's "Tripple A A A," Warner's "No 65," Warner's "No. 222," Warner's "Trippe N N N," Warner's Coraline, sizes 21 to 36, "Thompson's Glove-Fitting," "Sylvia French Woven," "Ferris Waists," "Nagrath Waist" for children.
Dress Goods—The prettiest line ever shown in Wilmington.
Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Hudnut's Toilet Requisites.

FREE! FREE!

I AM GIVING EVERY CUSTOMER a card that gets the following presents:

For a $5.00 purchase I will give a Brass Wall Pocket or one set of fine Silver-plated Teaspoons.
For a $10.00 purchase I will give a Child's High Chair or a Life-size Portrait of any of your family.
For a $15 00 purchase I will give a nice Oak Center Table.
For a $25 00 purchase I will give a three shelf Oak Book Case, a large Oak Center Table or a fine Oak Arm Rocking Chair.
For a $50.00 purchase I will give a very fine Oak Folding Book Case, a standing Open and Shut Writing Desk or a beautiful Hall Hatrack with Umbrella Stand and Mirror in the center.

This Furniture is given away expressly to encour